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# CMHD Pathology Report

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ReportID: Report Date: March 06, 2014 Pathologist: Dr. H. Adissu



**Mouse Genetics Project** 

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**CMHD LabID: N13-1043** 

## **Relevant History:**

Phenotype: abnormal sebaceous gland morphology abnormal hair follicle morphology

## AnimalID: M01101003 (Male)

## Histopathology Findings:

lymph node (MA:0000139)

## **Histopath Description:**

The cervical lymph node contains large numbers of erythrocytes within the sinuses freely and within macrophages (erythrophagocytosis).

## **Morphological Diagnosis:**

**Severity:** moderate; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hemorrhage and non-specified extravasation MPATH:119

## **Definitive Diagnosis:**

Sinus erythrocytosis

## **Histopathology Comments:**

The changes are consistent with the gross observations and indicate draining of a local hemorrhage.

## **Organ/Tissue Analyzed:**

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

## AnimalID: M01044202 (Male) Histopathology Findings:

## eye (MA:0000261)

Histopath Description: Multifocal retinal folds

## **Morphological Diagnosis:**

**Distribution:** multifocal; **Severity:** mild; **MPATH Process Term:** developmental dysplasia MPATH:64

## **Definitive Diagnosis:**

Retinal dysplasia

## **Organ/Tissue Analyzed:**

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes,

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salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

#### AnimalID: M01126727 (Female)

## **Histopathology Findings:**

## lymph node (MA:0000139)

## **Histopath Description:**

The mesenteric lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four fold). The medulla is particularly expanded by chords and sheets of plasmatoid cells. There are promient germinal centers within the medulla

#### **Morphological Diagnosis:**

**Distribution:** Diffuse; **Severity:** moderate; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hyperplasia MPATH:134

#### **Definitive Diagnosis:**

Lymphoid hyperplasia

#### **Histopathology Comments:**

The changes in the mesenteric lymph node are suggestive of draining of a regional inflammatory process. However, such a process was not observed in the tissues examined. Early maginal center lymphoma is suspected.

#### **Organ/Tissue Analyzed:**

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

## AnimalID: M01111178 (Female)

#### **Organ/Tissue Analyzed:**

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

#### **Report Summary and Recommendation:**

Lesions in this line are incidental or attributable to strain background. There are no histological abnormalities in the sebaceous glands and hair follicles.

Line summary: none