

CMHD Pathology Core

Toronto Centre for Phenogenomics 25 Orde St. 3rd fl. Toronto, Ont. M5T 3H7 Tel.(416) 586-8375 Fax (416) 586-5993

contact: Dr. Susan Newbigging email:

newbigging@lunenfeld.ca

CMHD Pathology Report

Principle Investigator: Dr. Jacqui White

Institute: Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Address: Attn: Linda Read Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton Cambridge CB10 1SA, UK

ReportID: Report Date: March 18, 2014

Pathologist: Dr. H. Adissu



Mouse Genetics Project

Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton, Cambridge CB10 1SA

email:

UK

MGPenquiries@sanger.ac.uk

Mouse Portal Europhenome

CMHD LabID: N13-1268

Relevant History:

Phenotype:

None (no hit)

AnimalID: M01008012 (Male) Histopathology Findings:

brain (MA:0000168)

Histopath Description:

There is marked dilation of the lateral ventricles

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: diffuse; Severity: severe; MPATH Process Term: degenerative change

MPATH:14

Definitive Diagnosis:

Dilation of the brain ventricles

Histopathology Comments:

Mild to moderate dilation of the ventricles is a background condition in mice of C57BL/6N background

thymus (MA:0000142)

Histopath Description:

There is a 50 um diamater epithelial cyst.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: multifocal; MPATH Diagnosis: cyst MPATH:62; MPATH Process Term:

developmental and structural abnormality MPATH:55

Definitive Diagnosis:

Epithelial cyst

Histopathology Comments:

This is a developmental abnormality commonly seen in mice.

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01020438 (Male)
Histopathology Findings:
skin (MA:0000151)
Histopath Description:

There is a diffuse and marked hyperplasia of the epidermis and the follicular epithelium of the inguinal skin sample. There are foci of serocellular crusts adhered to the epidermis (scabs).

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: multifocal; **Severity:** mild; **MPATH Diagnosis:** inflammation MPATH:212; **MPATH Process Term:** inflammation MPATH:212

Definitive Diagnosis:

Epidermitis with epidermal and follicular hyperplasia

Histopathology Comments:

This is considered an incidental lesion likely caused by focal trauma

inguinal lymph node (MA:0000737)

Histopath Description:

The inguinal lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four-fold). The medulla is expanded by chords and sheets of lymphocytes. There are multiple germina centers.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: Diffuse; **Severity:** severe; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hyperplasia MPATH:134

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoid hyperplasia with medullary plasmacytosis.

Histopathology Comments:

The changes in the this lymph node are consistent with draining of a inflammatory process in the overlying dermis (see above).

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01008032 (Female)

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

AnimalID: M01008030 (Female)

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

Report Summary and Recommendation:

Lesions in this line are incidental or attributable to strain background.

Line summary: none