

CMHD Pathology Core Toronto Centre for Phenogenomics 25 Orde St. 3rd fl. Toronto, Ont. M5T 3H7 Tel.(416) 586-8375 Fax (416) 586-5993

contact: Dr. Susan Newbigging email: <u>newbigging@lunenfeld.ca</u>

CMHD Pathology Report

Principle Investigator: Dr. Jacqui White Institute: Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Address: Attn: Linda Read Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton Cambridge CB10 1SA, UK

ReportID: Report Date: March 06, 2014 Pathologist: Dr. H. Adissu



Mouse Genetics Project

Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton, Cambridge CB10 1SA UK email:

<u>MGPenquiries@sanger.ac.uk</u> <u>Mouse Portal</u> <u>Europhenome</u>

CMHD LabID: N13-1044

Relevant History: Phenotype:

None (no hit)

AnimalID: M01024587 (Male)

Histopathology Findings:

sternum (MA:0001331)

Histopath Description:

There is a sternal dislocation between the 5th sternabrae and the xiphisternum (xiphisternal joint) with displacement of the sternabre into the thoracic cavity. There is a a nodular cartilagenous proliferation (callus at the dislocation site).

Morphological Diagnosis:

Duration: chronic; **Distribution:** focal; **MPATH Process Term:** displacement and deformity MPATH:67

Definitive Diagnosis: Segmental Sternal dislocation

eye (MA:0000261)

Histopath Description: Multifocal retinal folds

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: multifocal; **Severity:** mild; **MPATH Process Term:** developmental dysplasia MPATH:64

Definitive Diagnosis: Retinal dysplasia

lymph node (MA:0000139)

Histopath Description:

The mesenteric lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four fold). The medulla is particularly expanded by chords and sheets of plasmatoid cells. There are promient germinal centers within the medulla

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: Diffuse; **Severity:** moderate; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hyperplasia MPATH:134

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoid hyperplasia

Histopathology Comments:

The changes in the mesenteric lymph node are suggestive of draining of a regional inflammatory process. However, such a process was not observed in the tissues examined. Early maginal center lymphoma is suspected.

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01100215 (Male)

Histopathology Findings:

lymph node (MA:0000139)

Histopath Description:

The mesenteric lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four fold). The medulla is particularly expanded by chords and sheets of plasmatoid cells. There are promient germinal centers within the medulla

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: Diffuse; **Severity:** moderate; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hyperplasia MPATH:134

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoid hyperplasia

Histopathology Comments:

The changes in the mesenteric lymph node are suggestive of draining of a regional inflammatory process. However, such a process was not observed in the tissues examined. Early maginal center lymphoma is suspected.

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01024590 (Female)

Histopathology Findings:

lymph node (MA:0000139)

Histopath Description:

The mesenteric lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four fold). The medulla is particularly expanded by chords and sheets of plasmatoid cells. There are promient germinal centers within the medulla

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: Diffuse; **Severity:** moderate; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hyperplasia MPATH:134

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoid hyperplasia

Histopathology Comments:

The changes in the mesenteric lymph node are suggestive of draining of a regional inflammatory process. However, such a process was not observed in the tissues examined. Early maginal center lymphoma is suspected.

brain (MA:0000168)

Histopath Description:

There is marked dilation of the lateral ventricles

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: diffuse; **Severity:** severe; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hydrocephalus MPATH:639; **MPATH Process Term:** degenerative change MPATH:14

Definitive Diagnosis:

Dilation of the brain ventricles

Histopathology Comments:

Mild to moderate dilation of the ventricles is a background condition in mice of C57BL/6N background

eye (MA:0000261) Histopath Description: Multifocal retinal folds Morphological Diagnosis: Distribution: multifocal; Severity: mild; MPATH Process Term: developmental dysplasia MPATH:64 Definitive Diagnosis: Retinal dysplasia

thymus (MA:0000142)
Histopath Description:
There are two 50 um diamater epithelial cysts.
Morphological Diagnosis:
Distribution: multifocal; MPATH Diagnosis: cyst MPATH:62; MPATH Process Term:
developmental and structural abnormality MPATH:55
Definitive Diagnosis:
Epithelial cyst
Histopathology Comments:
This is a developmental abnormality commonly seen in mice.

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

AnimalID: M01024570 (Female)

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

Report Summary and Recommendation:

Lesions in this line are incidental or attributable to strain background.

Line summary: none