

CMHD Pathology Core Toronto Centre for Phenogenomics 25 Orde St. 3rd fl. Toronto, Ont. M5T 3H7 Tel.(416) 586-8375 Fax (416) 586-5993

contact: Dr. Susan Newbigging email: <u>newbigging@lunenfeld.ca</u>

CMHD Pathology Report

Principle Investigator: Dr. Jacqui White Institute: Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Address: Attn: Linda Read Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton Cambridge CB10 1SA, UK

ReportID: Report Date: February 26, 2014 Pathologist: Dr. H. Adissu



Mouse Genetics Project

Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton, Cambridge CB10 1SA UK email: <u>MGPenquiries@sanger.ac.uk</u> Mouse Portal

Europhenome

CMHD LabID: N13-1055

Relevant History: Phenotype:

None (no hit)

AnimalID: M01402728 (Male)

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01402727 (Male)

Histopathology Findings:

eye (MA:0000261)

Histopath Description:

Involving one eye, there are clusters of external nuclear structures within the internal plexiform layer.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: multifocal; **Severity:** mild; **MPATH Process Term:** developmental dysplasia MPATH:64

Definitive Diagnosis: Retinal dysplasia

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01402738 (Female)

Histopathology Findings:

eye (MA:0000261)

Histopath Description:

Involving one eye, there are clusters of external nuclear structures within the internal plexiform layer.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: multifocal; Severity: mild; MPATH Process Term: developmental dysplasia

MPATH:64

Definitive Diagnosis: Retinal dysplasia

thyroid gland (MA:0000129)

Histopath Description:

The thyroid intestitium contains well differentiated lymphoid tissue that is reminiscent of thymic tissue

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: focally extensive; **MPATH Process Term:** developmental and structural abnormality MPATH:55

Definitive Diagnosis:

Ectopic thymus

Histopathology Comments:

Thymic rests present in 1% of adult human thyroid glands

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

AnimalID: M01402734 (Female) **Histopathology Findings:** eye (MA:0000261) **Histopath Description:** Involving one eye, there are clusters of external nuclear structures within the internal plexiform layer. Morphological Diagnosis: Distribution: multifocal; Severity: mild; MPATH Process Term: developmental dysplasia MPATH:64 **Definitive Diagnosis:** Retinal dysplasia brain (MA:0000168) **Histopath Description:** There is marked dilation of the lateral ventricles **Morphological Diagnosis:** Distribution: diffuse; Severity: severe; MPATH Diagnosis: hydrocephalus MPATH:639; MPATH Process Term: degenerative change MPATH:14 **Definitive Diagnosis:** Dilation of the brain ventricles **Histopathology Comments:** Mild to moderate dilation of the ventricles is a background condition in mice of C57BL/6N background

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

Report Summary and Recommendation:

Lesions in this line are incidental or attributable to strain background.

Line summary: none