

**Gene:** Fam63a

**Colony prefix:** MDFC

**ESC clone ID:**

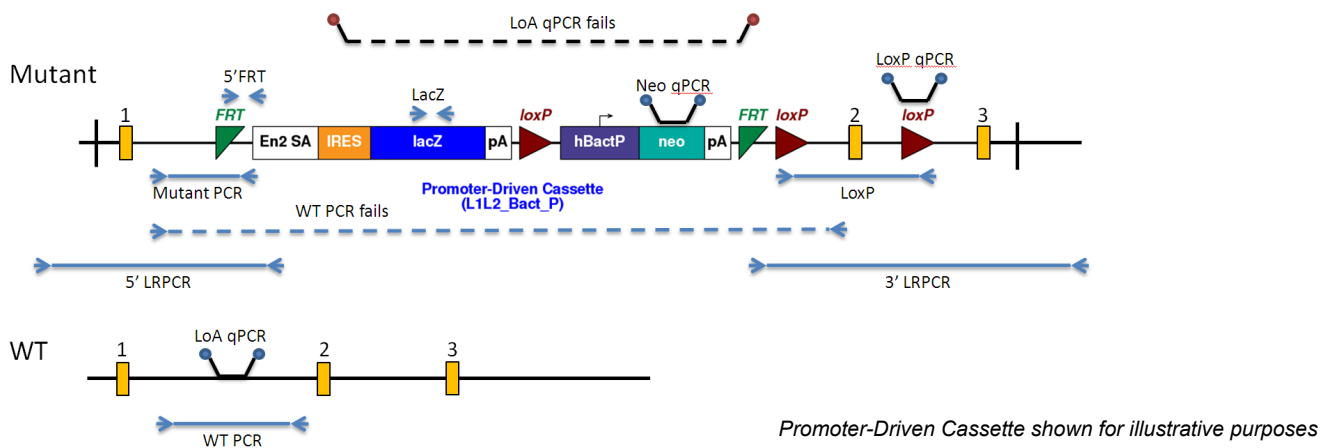
**Allele:** *Fam63a<sup>tm1a(EUCOMM)Wtsi/lcs</sup>*

**Allele type:** *Knockout First, Reporter-tagged insertion with conditional potential*

**Allele information:**

Details on how to determine the floxed exon can be found at <http://www.knockoutmouse.org/kb/entry/21/>

### Mouse QC information



<b>Southern Blot</b>		<b>TV Backbone Assay</b>		<b>5' LR-PCR</b>	
<b>Loss of WT Allele (LOA) qPCR</b>		<b>Homozygous Loss of WT Allele (LOA) SR-PCR</b>		<b>Neo Count (qPCR)</b>	
<b>LacZ SR-PCR</b>		<b>5' Cassette Integrity</b>		<b>Neo SR-PCR</b>	
<b>Mutant Specific SR-PCR</b>		<b>LoxP Confirmation</b>		<b>3' LR-PCR</b>	
<b>Genotyping Comment</b>					

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## Southern blot confirmation:

Southern blots are not routinely performed at the Sanger Institute due to throughput constraints.

## Links to information and frequently asked questions about the EUCOMM/KOMP alleles and MGP projects

General targeting strategies:

[http://www.mousephenotype.org/martsearch\\_ikmc\\_project/about/targeting-strategies](http://www.mousephenotype.org/martsearch_ikmc_project/about/targeting-strategies)

MGP mouse phenotype data:

<http://www.sanger.ac.uk/mouseportal/>

IKMC allele types:

<http://www.i-dcc.org/kb/entry/89/>

MGP mouse quality control tests :

<http://www.i-dcc.org/kb/25/>

Allele conversion guide - genotyping tm1b, tm1c and tm1d mice:

<http://www.i-dcc.org/kb/entry/105/>

How the "critical" exon is decided:

<http://www.i-dcc.org/kb/entry/102/>

## Genotyping Information

### Genotyping by end-point PCR

These mice may be genotyped through a combination of separate PCR reactions that detect the cassette, the gene-specific wild type allele, and a mutant allele-specific short range PCR. Interpretation of the consolidated results produces the genotype of the mice.

For example: cassette positive, mutant positive, wild type positive = heterozygous.

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## PCRs primer pairs and expected size bands

Assay Type	Assay	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer	Expected Size Band (bp)
Standard PCR	Wildtype	Fam63a_41224_F	Fam63a_41224_R	290
Standard PCR	Mutant	Fam63a_41224_F	CAS_R1_Term	234
Standard PCR	Cassette	LacZ_2_small_F	LacZ_2_small_R	108

## Primer sequences

Primer Name	Primer Sequence (5' > 3')
CAS_R1_Term	TCGTGGTATCGTTATGCGCC
Fam63a_41224_F	GGCTCTCCTGACTCCCTCTT
Fam63a_41224_R	GAGCGTGGATACTGGGAAAA
LacZ_2_small_F	ATCACGACGCGCTGTATC
LacZ_2_small_R	ACATCGGGCAAATAATATCG

## Reaction setup

Reagent	µl
DNA (~50-100 ng)	1
10x Buffer	2
MgCl <sub>2</sub> (50 mM)	0.6
Platinum Taq (Invitrogen)	0.2
dNTPs (100 mM)	0.2
Primer 1 (10 M)	0.4
Primer 2 (10 M)	0.4
ddH <sub>2</sub> O	15.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>

## Amplification conditions

Step	Conditions	Time
1	94°C	5 min
2	94°C	30 sec
3	58°C	30 sec
4	72°C	45 sec
5	Go to '2' + 34 cycles	-
6	72°C	5 min
7	12°C	forever

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### Genotyping by loss of WT allele qPCR Assay (gene-specific assay)

The wild type loss of allele (LoA) qPCR assay uses a hydrolysis probe assay (for example Applied Biosystems TaqMan® technology) to determine the copy number of the wild type allele in a sample. Homozygotes will show no amplification, heterozygotes one copy and wild type mice will show two copies when compared to a wild type control.

The number of copies of the Fam63a allele can be detected using a FAM-labelled custom qPCR TaqMan® assay. These are multiplexed with a VIC® labelled endogenous control assay (for example TaqMan® Copy Number Reference Assay, Mouse, Tfr; Applied Biosystems part #4458366). Reference DNA controls of known genotypes should also be included to facilitate correct analysis.

#### Primers for LoA qPCR assay

Primer type	Assay Name	Forward Primer Seq.	Reverse Primer Seq.	Probe Primer Seq.
LoA	Fam63a_WT	ACGCTCTCTAGGATCACAGTGTA AT	CACCATGAACCCCAAGAAGAG	CCCACAGCAATAGCTC

#### Reaction setup

Reaction setup and amplification conditions are the same as those used for the neo cassette qPCR assay.

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## Relevant publications

- Ryder, E., Doe, B., Gleeson, D., Houghton, R., Dalvi, P., Grau, E., Ramirez-Solis, R. (2013). Rapid conversion of EUCOMM/KOMP-CSD alleles in mouse embryos using a cell-permeable Cre recombinase. *Transgenic research*. 23(1), 177–185.
- Ryder, E., Gleeson, D., Sethi, D., Vyas, S., Miklejewska, E., Dalvi, P., Habib, B., Cook, R., Hardy, M., Jhaveri, K., et al. (2013). Molecular Characterization of Mutant Mouse Strains Generated from the EUCOMM/KOMP-CSD ES Cell Resource. *Mamm Genome*, 24, 286–294.
- White, J.K., Gerdin, A.-K., Karp, N.A., Ryder, E., Buljan, M., Bussell, J.N., Salisbury, J., Clare, S., Ingham, N.J., Podrini, C., et al. (2013). Genome-wide Generation and Systematic Phenotyping of Knockout Mice Reveals New Roles for Many Genes. *Cell* 154, 452–464.
- Ryder, E., Wong, K., Gleeson, D., Keane, T.M., Sethi, D., Vyas, S., Wardle-Jones, H., Bussell, J.N., Houghton, R., Salisbury, J., et al. (2013). Genomic analysis of a novel spontaneous albino C57BL/6N mouse strain. *Genesis* 51, 523–528.
- Bradley, A., Anastassiadis, K., Ayadi, A., Battey, J.F., Bell, C., Birling, M.-C., Bottomley, J., Brown, S.D., Bürger, A., Bult, C.J., et al. (2012). The mammalian gene function resource: the international knockout mouse consortium. *Mamm Genome* 23, 580–586.
- Birling, M.-C., Dierich, A., Jacquot, S., Héroult, Y., and Pavlovic, G. (2011). Highly-efficient, fluorescent, locus directed Cre and flopo deleter mice on a pure C57BL/6N genetic background. *Genesis*.
- Skarnes, W.C., Rosen, B., West, A.P., Koutsourakis, M., Bushell, W., Iyer, V., Mujica, A.O., Thomas, M., Harrow, J., Cox, T., et al. (2011). A conditional knockout resource for the genome-wide study of mouse gene function. *Nature* 474, 337–342.
- Pettitt, S.J., Liang, Q., Rairdan, X.Y., Moran, J.L., Prosser, H.M., Beier, D.R., Lloyd, K.C., Bradley, A., and Skarnes, W.C. (2009). Agouti C57BL/6N embryonic stem cells for mouse genetic resources. *Nat Methods* 6, 493–495.
- Liang, Q., Conte, N., Skarnes, W.C., and Bradley, A. (2008). Extensive genomic copy number variation in embryonic stem cells. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 105, 17453–17456.
- Farley, F.W., Soriano, P., Steffen, L.S., and Dymecki, S.M. (2000). Widespread recombinase expression using FLPeR (flipper) mice. *Genesis* 28, 106–110.

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