

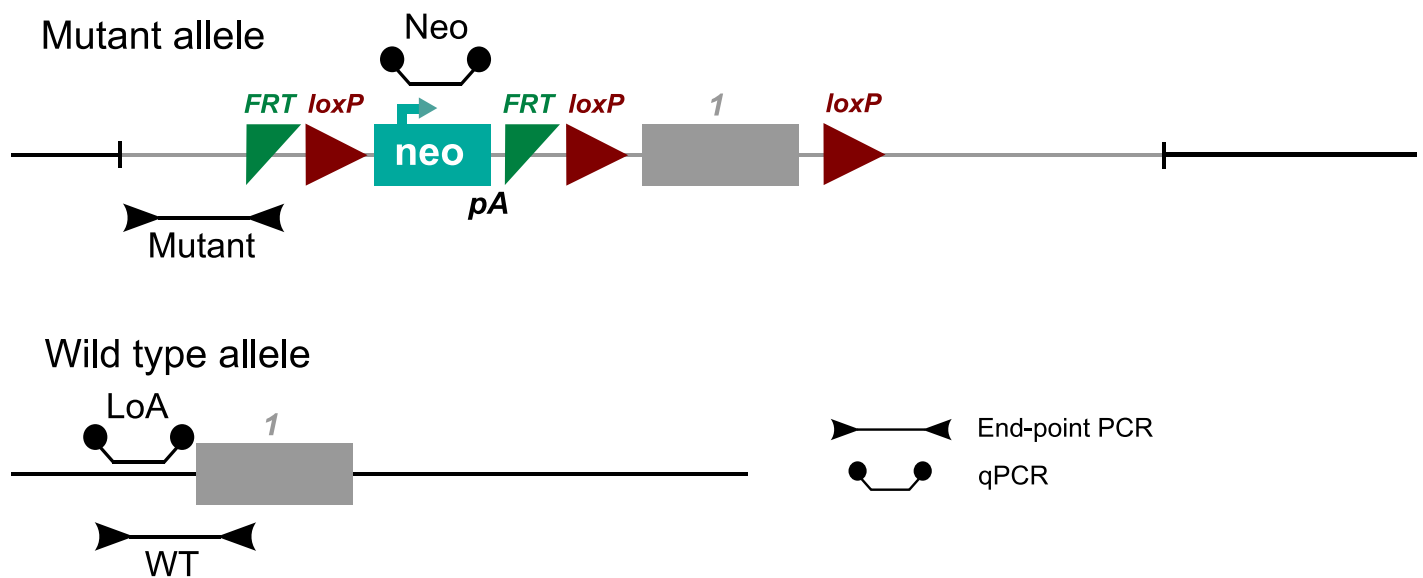
Gene: Kcnv2

Colony prefix: MDYN

Allele: Kcnv2^{tm1Wtsi}

Allele type: conditional

Allele information:



Mouse QC information

Loss of WT Allele (LOA qPCR)	Pass	Neo qPCR	Pass
Mutant Specific SR-PCR	Pass	LoxP qPCR	Pass
Homozygotes by qPCR	Pass	Homozygotes by srPCR	Pass

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Genotyping by end-point PCR

PCRs primer pairs and expected size bands

Assay Type	Assay	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer	Expected Size Band (bp)
Standard PCR	Wild type	Kcnv2_F2	Kcnv2_R2	182
Standard PCR	Mutant	Kcnv2_F2	CAS_R1_Term	167

Primer sequences

Primer Name	Primer Sequence (5' > 3')
Kcnv2_F2	CCTGCTCTTTTCTTCTTGGTC
Kcnv2_R2	TGATTATGGTTTCCCCTTCC
CAS_R1_Term	TCGTGGTATCGTTATGCGCC

Reaction setup

Reagent	µl
DNA (~50-100 ng)	1
10x Buffer	2
MgCl ₂ (50 mM)	0.6
Platinum Taq (Invitrogen)	0.2
dNTPs (100 mM)	0.2
Primer 1 (10 µM)	0.4
Primer 2 (10 µM)	0.4
ddH ₂ O	15.2
Total	20

Amplification conditions

Step	Conditions	Time
1	94°C	5 min
2	94°C	30 sec
3	58°C	30 sec
4	72°C	1:30 sec
5	Go to '2' + 34 cycles	-
6	72°C	5 min
7	12°C	forever

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Genotyping by loss of WT allele qPCR Assay (gene-specific assay)

The wild type loss of allele (LoA) qPCR assay uses a hydrolysis probe assay (for example Applied Biosystems TaqMan® technology) to determine the copy number of the wild type allele in a sample. Homozygotes will show no amplification, heterozygotes one copy and wild type mice will show two copies when compared to a wild type control.

The number of copies of the wild type allele can be detected using a FAM-labelled custom qPCR TaqMan® assay. These are multiplexed with a VIC® labelled endogenous control assay (for example TaqMan® Copy Number Reference Assay, Mouse, Tfrc; Applied Biosystems part #4458366). Reference DNA controls of known genotypes should also be included to facilitate correct analysis.

Primers for LoA qPCR assay

Gene	Forward Primer Seq.	Reverse Primer Seq.	Probe Primer Seq.
Kcnv2_WT	GGGAAACCATAATCAGAATATATTGT ATGAAAA	CAGCAGAGAGCTTACTTTGTGACTA	TTTAGATCCTCTAGAATTTTC

Reactions are performed in a 10µl volume using an Applied Biosystems 7900HT Fast Real-Time PCR System or Applied Biosystems Vii7 with DNA prepared using the Sample-to-SNPTM kit (Applied Biosystems) from mouse ear biopsies. GTXpress™ buffer is also used (Applied Biosystems).

Reagent	µl
2x GTXpress™ buffer	5
20x target assay	0.5
ddH2O	3
Tfrc endogenous 20x	0.5
DNA	1

Amplification conditions

Step	Conditions	Time
1	95°C	20 sec
2	95°C	10 sec
3	60°C	30 sec
4	Go to '2' + 34	-

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Genotyping using universal copy number qPCR assays designed to the Neo gene

The cassette qPCR assays use a hydrolysis probe assay (eg Applied Biosystems TaqMan technology) to determine genotype via the copy number of the Neo gene in a sample. Homozygotes will possess two copies, heterozygotes one copy and wild type mice will show no amplification when compared to known homozygote controls.

These FAM[®]-labeled assays are multiplexed with a VIC[®] labeled endogenous control assay (for example TaqMan[®] Copy Number Reference Assay, Mouse, Tfrc; Applied Biosystems part #4458366).

Gene	Forward Primer Seq.	Reverse Primer Seq.	Probe Primer Seq.
Neo	GGTGGAGAGGCTATTCGGC	GAACACGGCGGCATCAG	TGGGCACAACAGACAATCGGCTG

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Links to information and frequently asked questions

MGP mouse phenotype data:

<http://www.mousephenotype.org>

How the "critical" exon is decided:

<http://www.i-dcc.org/kb/entry/102/>

Relevant publications

Ryder, E., Gleeson, D., Sethi, D., Vyas, S., Miklejewska, E., Dalvi, P., Habib, B., Cook, R., Hardy, M., Jhaveri, K., et al. (2013). Molecular Characterization of Mutant Mouse Strains Generated from the EUCOMM/KOMP-CSD ES Cell Resource. *Mammalian Genome*. Doi: 10.1007/s00335-013-9467-x

White, J.K., Gerdin, A.-K., Karp, N.A., Ryder, E., Buljan, M., Bussell, J.N., Salisbury, J., Clare, S., Ingham, N.J., Podrini, C., et al. (2013). Genome-wide Generation and Systematic Phenotyping of Knockout Mice Reveals New Roles for Many Genes. *Cell* 154, 452–464.

Ryder, E., Wong, K., Gleeson, D., Keane, T.M., Sethi, D., Vyas, S., Wardle-Jones, H., Bussell, J.N., Houghton, R., Salisbury, J., et al. (2013). Genomic analysis of a novel spontaneous albino C57BL/6N mouse strain. *Genesis* 51, 523–528.

Bradley, A., Anastassiadis, K., Ayadi, A., Battey, J.F., Bell, C., Birling, M.-C., Bottomley, J., Brown, S.D., Bürger, A., Bult, C.J., et al. (2012). The mammalian gene function resource: the international knockout mouse consortium. *Mamm Genome* 23, 580–586.

Birling, M.-C., Dierich, A., Jacquot, S., Héroult, Y., and Pavlovic, G. (2011). Highly-efficient, fluorescent, locus directed Cre and flopo deleter mice on a pure C57BL/6N genetic background. *Genesis*.

Skarnes, W.C., Rosen, B., West, A.P., Koutourakis, M., Bushell, W., Iyer, V., Mujica, A.O., Thomas, M., Harrow, J., Cox, T., et al. (2011). A conditional knockout resource for the genome-wide study of mouse gene function. *Nature* 474, 337–342.

Pettitt, S.J., Liang, Q., Rairdan, X.Y., Moran, J.L., Prosser, H.M., Beier, D.R., Lloyd, K.C., Bradley, A., and Skarnes, W.C. (2009). Agouti C57BL/6N embryonic stem cells for mouse genetic resources. *Nat Methods* 6, 493–495.

Liang, Q., Conte, N., Skarnes, W.C., and Bradley, A. (2008). Extensive genomic copy number variation in embryonic stem cells. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 105, 17453–17456.

Farley, F.W., Soriano, P., Steffen, L.S., and Dymecki, S.M. (2000). Widespread recombinase expression using FLP_{er} (flipper) mice. *Genesis* 28, 106–110.

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