

CMHD Pathology Report



CMHD Pathology Core

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contact: Dr. Susan Newbigging email: newbigging@lunenfeld.ca ReportID: Report Date: March 18, 2014

Pathologist: Dr. H. Adissu

Mouse Genetics Project

Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Wellcome Trust Genome Campus Hinxton, Cambridge CB10 1SA UK

CMHD LabID: N13-1265

Relevant History:

Phenotype:

None (no hit)

AnimalID: M01231827 (Male) **Histopathology Findings:**

mesenteric lymph node (MA:0002829)

Histopath Description:

The mesenteric lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four-fold). The medulla is expanded by chords and sheets of lymphocytes. There are multiple germina centers.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: Diffuse; Severity: extreme; MPATH Diagnosis: hyperplasia MPATH:134; MPATH Process Term: hyperplasia MPATH:134

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoid hyperplasia with medullary plasmacytosis.

Histopathology Comments:

The changes in the mesenteric lymph node are suggestive of draining of a regional inflammatory process. However, such a process was not observed in the tissues examined.

brain (MA:0000168)

Histopath Description:

There is marked dilation of the lateral ventricles

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: diffuse; Severity: severe; MPATH Process Term: degenerative change MPATH:14

Definitive Diagnosis:

Dilation of the brain ventricles

Histopathology Comments:

Mild to moderate dilation of the ventricles is a background condition in mice of C57BL/6N background

thymus (MA:0000142)

Histopath Description:

There is a 50 um diamater epithelial cyst.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: multifocal; MPATH Diagnosis: cyst MPATH:62; MPATH Process Term: developmental and structural abnormality MPATH:55

Definitive Diagnosis:

Epithelial cyst

Histopathology Comments:

This is a developmental abnormality commonly seen in mice.

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01231828 (Male)

Histopathology Findings:

eve (MA:0000261)

Histopath Description:

focal retinal fold

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: focal; Severity: mild; MPATH Process Term: developmental dysplasia

MPATH:64

Definitive Diagnosis:

Focal retinal fold/dysplasia

brain (MA:0000168)

Histopath Description:

There is marked dilation of the lateral ventricles

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: diffuse; **Severity:** severe; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hydrocephalus MPATH:639;

MPATH Process Term: degenerative change MPATH:14

Definitive Diagnosis:

Dilation of the brain ventricles

Histopathology Comments:

Mild to moderate dilation of the ventricles is a background condition in mice of C57BL/6N background

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, testis, epididymis, seminal vesicle, and prostate.

AnimalID: M01253260 (Female)

Histopathology Findings:

eye (MA:0000261)

Histopath Description:

focal retinal fold

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: focal; Severity: mild; MPATH Process Term: developmental dysplasia

MPATH:64

Definitive Diagnosis:

Focal retinal fold/dysplasia

cervical lymph node (MA:0000736)

Histopath Description:

Lymphoma

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoma

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine

pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

AnimalID: M01231830 (Female)

Histopathology Findings:

mesenteric lymph node (MA:0002829)

Histopath Description:

The mesenteric lymph node is markedly enlarged (greater than four-fold). The medulla is expanded by chords and sheets of lymphocytes. There are multiple germina centers.

Morphological Diagnosis:

Distribution: Diffuse; **Severity:** extreme; **MPATH Diagnosis:** hyperplasia MPATH:134; **MPATH Process Term:** hyperplasia MPATH:134

Definitive Diagnosis:

Lymphoid hyperplasia with medullary plasmacytosis.

Histopathology Comments:

The changes in the mesenteric lymph node are suggestive of draining of a regional inflammatory process. However, such a process was not observed in the tissues examined.

Organ/Tissue Analyzed:

Histopathology examination included the following organs and tissues: brain, trigeminal ganglion, eyes, salivary glands, trachea, lungs, heart, thymus, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, exocrine and endocrine pancreas, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gall bladder, spleen, kidneys, adrenal gland, lymph nodes, spinal cord, bone marrow, sternum, femur and tibia with associated skeletal muscles, brown fat, pinna, skin, uterus, oviduct, and ovary, and mammary gland.

Report Summary and Recommendation:

Lesions in this line are incidental or attributable to strain background.

Line summary: none