

Gene: Cpt1a

Colony prefix: TCAG

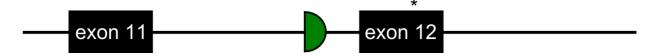
Allele: Cpt1a^{em1.1}

Allele type: Point mutation with cassette insertion (removed by Flp-mediated

recombination)

Allele information:

Post flp-excision allele



P479L plus silent mutations used in CRISPR experiment

Mouse QC information

Loss of WT Allele (LOA qPCR)	Pass	Mutation Sequence confirmed	Pass inferred from parent colony
Mutant Specific SR-PCR	Pass inferred from parent colony		

Mutant allele sequence:

ACAGCAAGATAGGCATAAACGCAGAGCATTC[C/T]TGGGCGGACGCGC**[C/T]**CAT[C/T]GTGGGCCATCT[G/C]TGGGAGGTGAGCCACCACTTGTTACCTGTCTGAATGT

P479L mutation = CGC[C/T]CAT

Other SNPs are silent mutations introduced during the CRISPR experiment in ES cells

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Genotyping by end-point PCR

PCRs primer pairs and expected size bands

Assay Type	Assay	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer	Expected Size Band (bp)
Standard PCR	Wild type	Cpt1a_F	Cpt1a_R	530
Standard PCR	Mutant*	Cpt1a_F	Cpt1a_R	692
Standard PCR	Mutant	3_Cas_F	Cpt1a_R	474

^{*} Due to the presence of remaining linker sequences post-flp excision, the Cpt1a F + Cpt1a R assay will produce a larger PCR band in mutant mice than in wild type mice. This size difference can be used to genotype the mice: 530bp band only = WT, 530bp + 692bp bands = het, 692bp band only = hom.

Please note that this assay has not been verified.

The 3_Cas_F + Cpt1a_R mutant-specific assay can be used to confirm the results from the assay above, and to verify the sequence of the mutation.

Primer sequences

Primer Name	Primer Sequence (5' > 3')	
Cpt1a_F	AGTCCTGGGAACCATCACTG	
Cpt1a_R	CAAAGCACCTTCCACATTCA	
3_Cas_F	TCTATAGTCGCAGTAGGCGG	

Reaction setup

Reagent	μl
DNA (~50-100 ng)	1
10x Buffer	2
MgCl2 (50 mM)	0.6
Platinum Taq (Invitrogen)	0.2
dNTPs (100 mM)	0.2
Primer 1 (10 μM)	0.4
Primer 2 (10 μM)	0.4
ddH20	15.2
Total	20

Amplification conditions

Step	Conditions	Time
1	94°C	5 min
2	94°C	30 sec
3	58°C	30 sec
4	72°C	1:30 sec
5	Go to '2' + 34 cycles	-
6	72°C	5 min
7	12°C	forever

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Genotyping by loss of WT allele qPCR Assay (gene-specific assay)

The wild type loss of allele (LoA) qPCR assay uses a hydrolysis probe assay (for example Applied Biosystems TaqMan® technology) to determine the copy number of the wild type allele in a sample. Homozygotes will show no amplification, heterozygotes one copy and wild type mice will show two copies when compared to a wild type control.

The number of copies of the wild type allele can be detected using a FAM-labelled custom qPCR TaqMan® assay. These are multiplexed with a VIC® labelled endogenous control assay (for example TaqMan® Copy Number Reference Assay, Mouse, Tfrc; Applied Biosystems part #4458366). Reference DNA controls of known genotypes should also be included to facilitate correct analysis.

Primers for LoA qPCR assay

Gene	Forward Primer Seq.	Reverse Primer Seq.	Probe Primer Seq.
Cpt1a_WT	CCCTCCTGGATCCCCTTTCT	GCGTGTAGACTACTGTAACAAGGA	ACCTCCTCACTTTACACCTAC

Reactions are performed in a 10µl volume using an Applied Biosystems 7900HT Fast Real-Time PCR System or Applied Biosystems Viia7 with DNA prepared using the Sample-to-SNPTM kit (Applied Biosystems) from mouse ear biopsies. GTXpressTM buffer is also used (Applied Biosystems).

Reagent	μl
2x GTXpressTM buffer	5
20x target assay	0.5
ddH2O	3
Tfrc endogenous 20x	0.5
DNA	1

Amplification conditions

Step	Conditions	Time
1	95°C	20 sec
2	95°C	10 sec
3	60°C	30 sec
4	Go to '2' + 34	-

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Links to information and frequently asked questions

MGP mouse phenotype data: http://www.mousephenotype.org

How the "critical" exon is decided: http://www.i-dcc.org/kb/entry/102/

Relevant publications

White, J.K., Gerdin, A.-K., Karp, N.A., Ryder, E., Buljan, M., Bussell, J.N., Salisbury, J., Clare, S., Ingham, N.J., Podrini, C., et al. (2013). Genome-wide Generation and Systematic Phenotyping of Knockout Mice Reveals New Roles for Many Genes. Cell 154, 452–464.

Mali P, Yang L, Esvelt KM, et al (2013) RNA-guided human genome engineering via Cas9. Science 339:823–6. doi: 10.1126/science.1232033

Jinek M, Chylinski K, Fonfara I, et al (2012) A programmable dual-RNA-guided DNA endonuclease in adaptive bacterial immunity. Science 337:816–21. doi: 10.1126/science.1225829

Cong L, Ran FA, Cox D, et al (2013) Multiplex genome engineering using CRISPR/Cas systems. Science 339:819–23. doi: 10.1126/science.1231143

Singh P, Schimenti JC, Bolcun-Filas E (2014) A Mouse Geneticist's Practical Guide to CRISPR Applications. Genetics genetics.114.169771—. doi: 10.1534/genetics.114.169771

Brandl C, Ortiz O, Röttig B, et al (2015) Creation of targeted genomic deletions using TALEN or CRISPR/Cas nuclease pairs in one-cell mouse embryos. FEBS Open Bio 5:26–35. doi: 10.1016/j.fob.2014.11.009

Zhou J, Wang J, Shen B, et al (2014) Dual sgRNAs facilitate CRISPR/Cas9 mediated mouse genome targeting. FEBS J. doi: 10.1111/febs.12735

Kraft K, Geuer S, Will AJ, et al (2015) Deletions, Inversions, Duplications: Engineering of Structural Variants using CRISPR/Cas in Mice. Cell Rep. doi: 10.1016/j.celrep.2015.01.016

Shen B, Zhang J, Wu H, et al (2013) Generation of gene-modified mice via Cas9/RNA-mediated gene targeting. Cell Res 23:720–3. doi: 10.1038/cr.2013.46

Wang H, Yang H, Shivalila CS, et al (2013) One-step generation of mice carrying mutations in multiple genes by CRISPR/Cas-mediated genome engineering. Cell 153:910–8. doi: 10.1016/j.cell.2013.04.025

Yang H, Wang H, Shivalila CS, et al (2013) One-Step Generation of Mice Carrying Reporter and Conditional Alleles by CRISPR/Cas-Mediated Genome Engineering. Cell 154:1370–1379. doi: 10.1016/j.cell.2013.08.022

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