



**Viruses: little genomes,
with big impacts**

8th Feb 2011

Application of high-throughput genomics to Clostridium difficile transmission and evolution

Speaker: Dr Trevor Lawley

15th Feb 2011

The adventures of Superbug; tracking the global spread of MRSA

Speaker: Dr Matt Holden

1st Mar 2011

Malaria

Speaker: Dr Bronwyn McInnis

8th Mar 2011

More Malaria

Speaker: Dr Julian Rayner

15th Mar 2011

Parasitic Worms

Speaker: Dr Nancy Holroyd





Astrid Gall



Simon Watson



Charlotte Houldcroft



Eve Coulter



Rachael Wash



Sabrina Calabressi



Nikolay Nikolov



Greg Baillie



Stephanie Franz



Matthew Cotton



Anne Palser

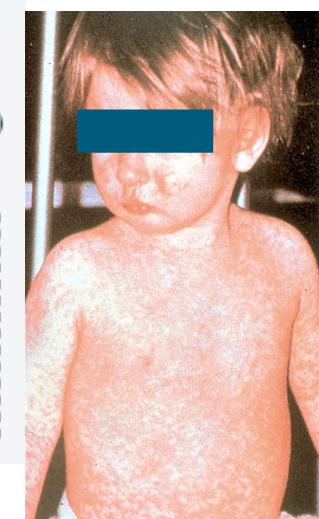
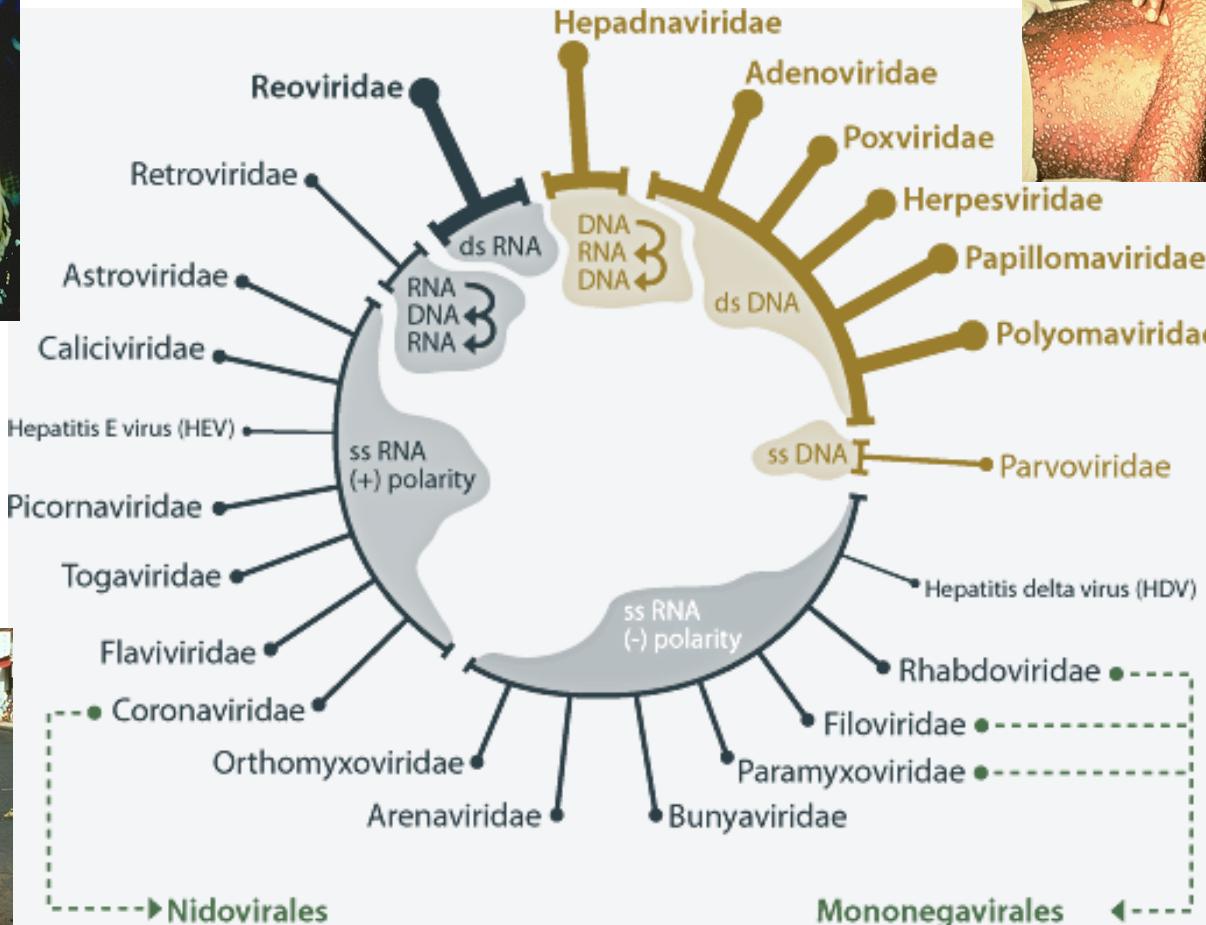


D. Farrer Marimon

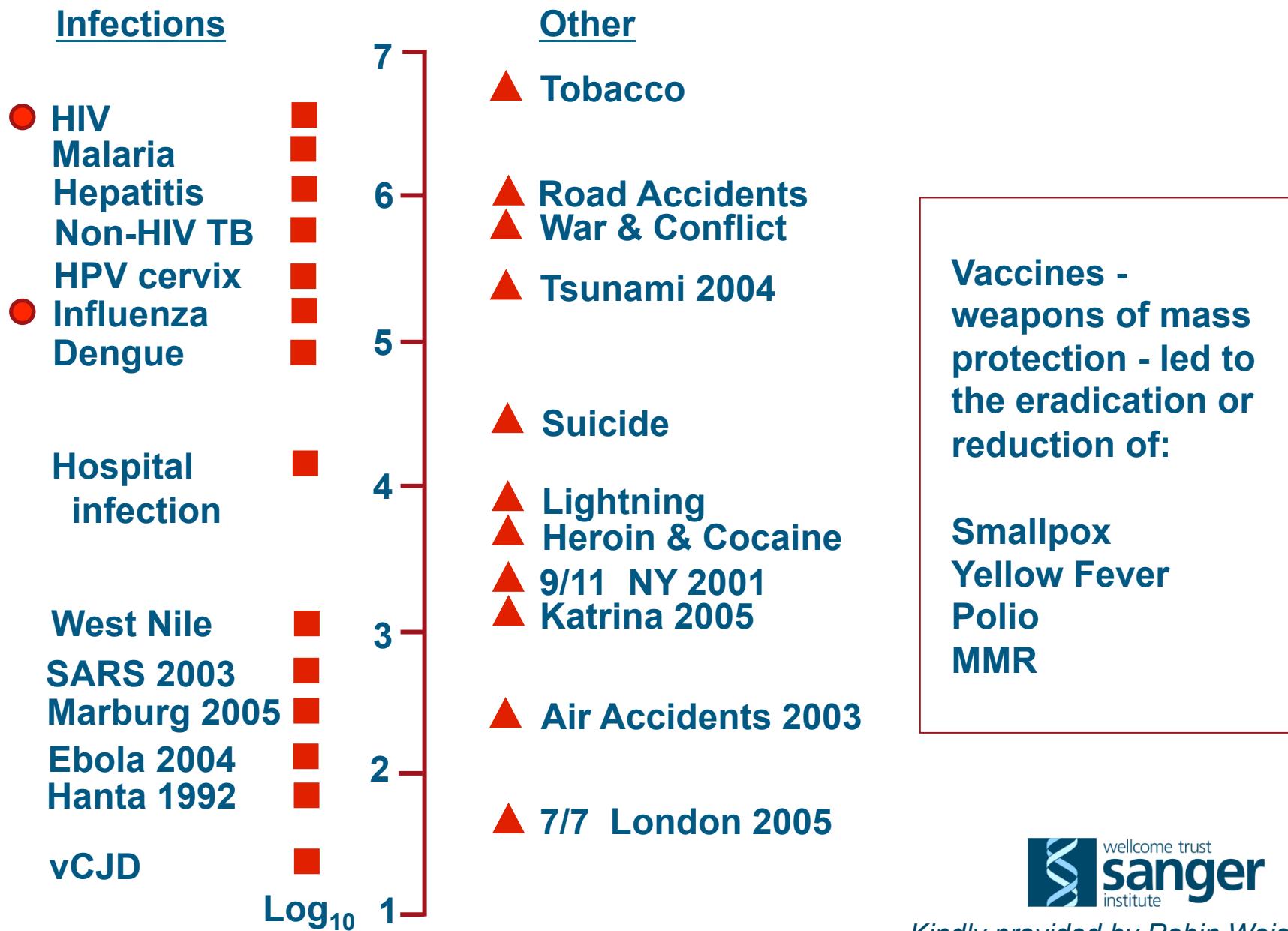


Rachael Bashford-Rogers

The virus world

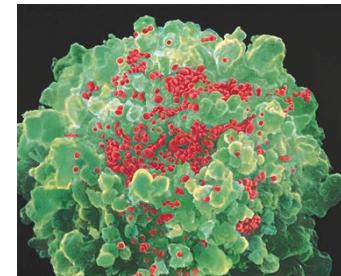
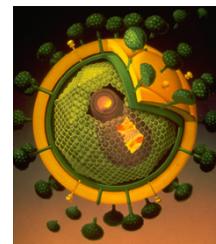
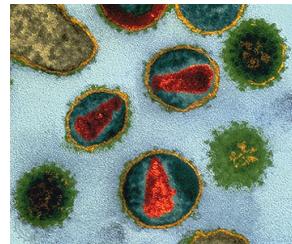


A 'Richter' scale of annual global mortality

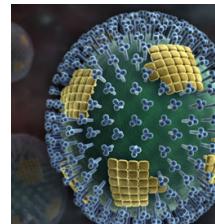


Our villains

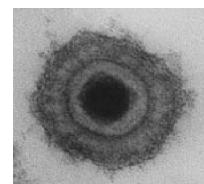
**Human
Immunodeficiency
Virus (HIV)**



Influenza virus



EBV & KSHV



More than a human

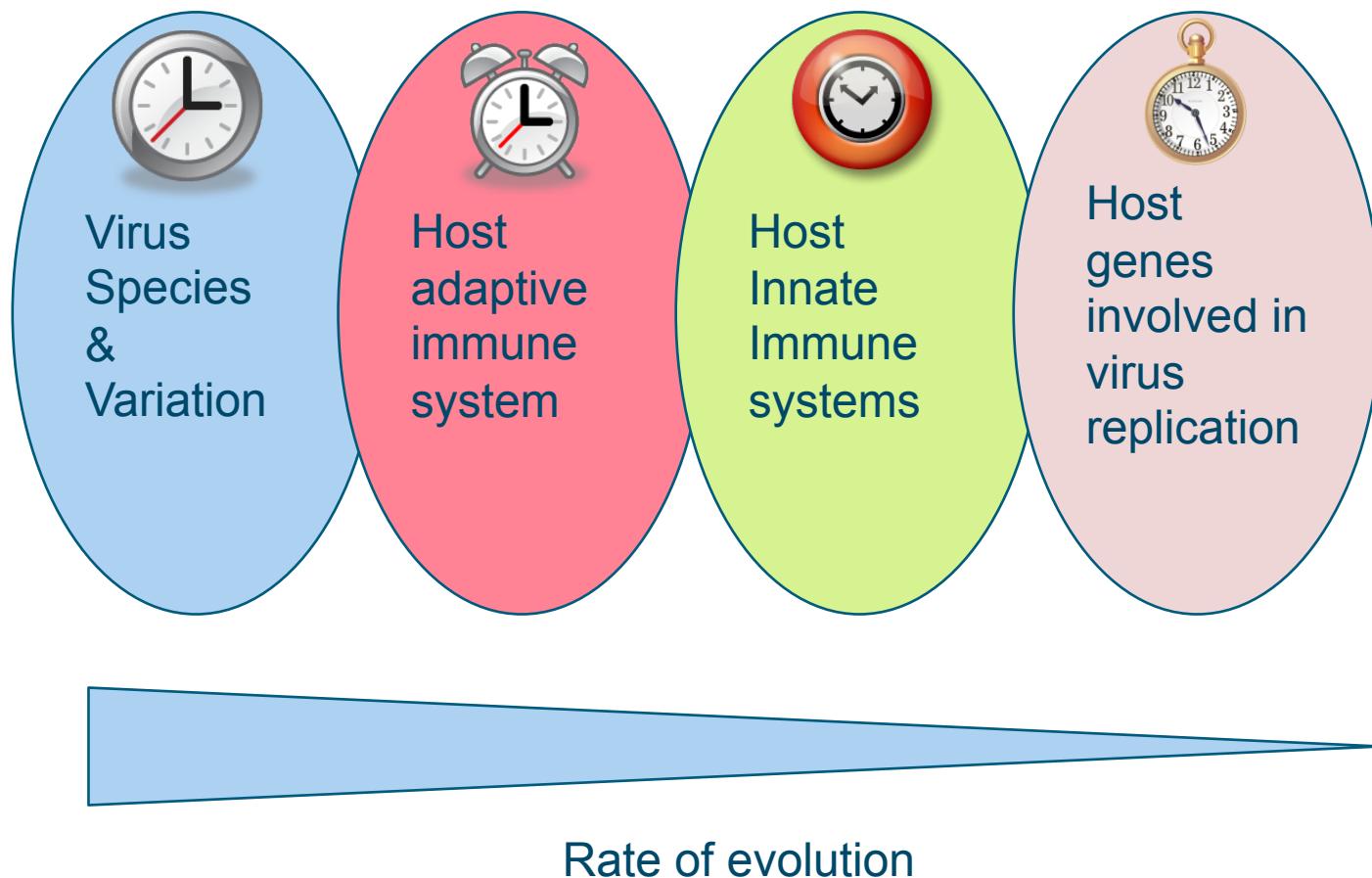


The Human Metagenome

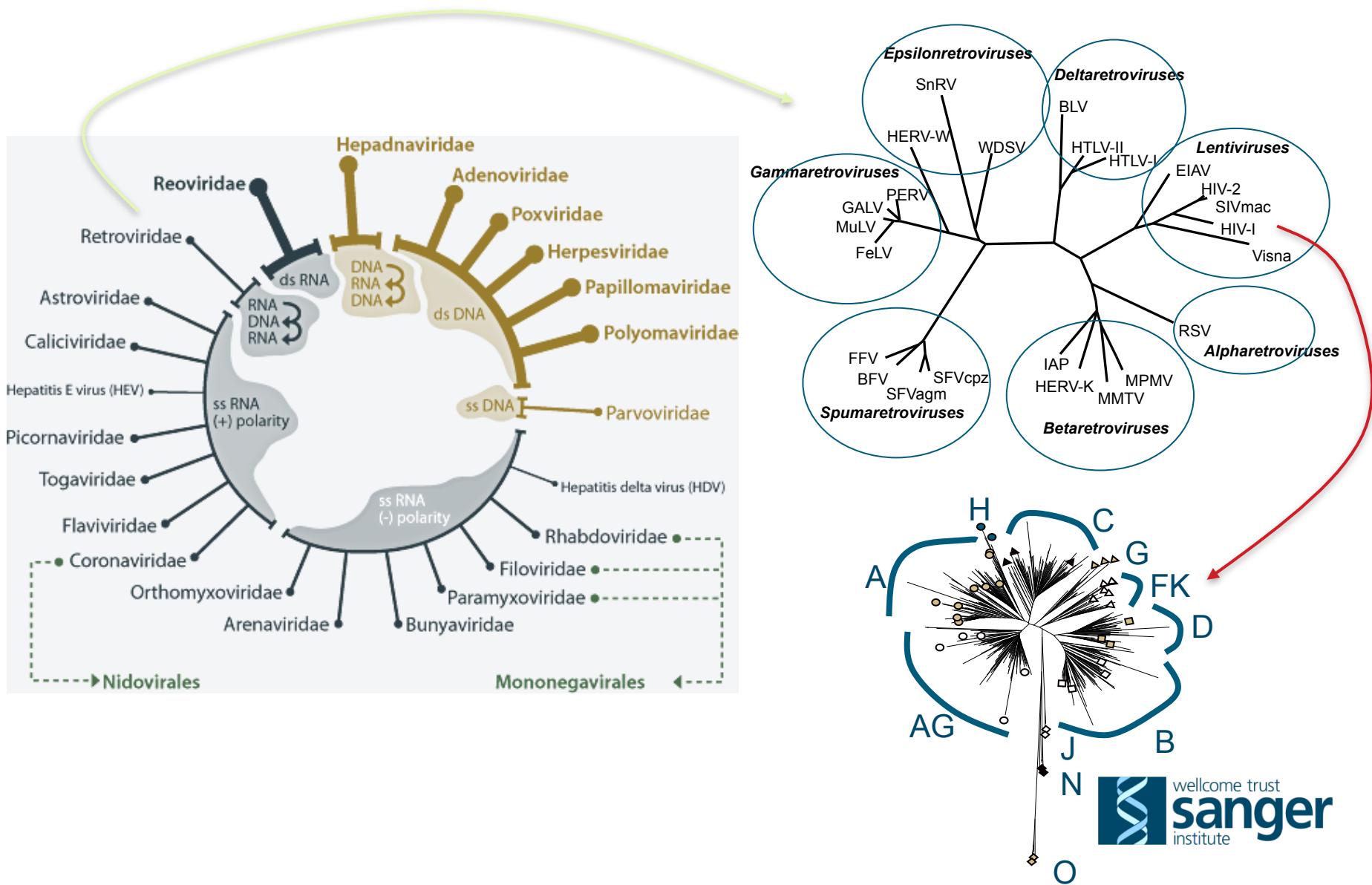
- $\sim 2 \times 10^{13}$ human genome copies
- $\sim 10^{14}$ bacteria of > 1000 species
- $\sim 10^{15}$ viral copies of DNA + RNA

1. As an ecosystem we are <50% human
2. Most of our microbes are commensal
3. A few are pathogens
4. Some are only pathogenic in susceptible individuals

Infection, genetics and evolution



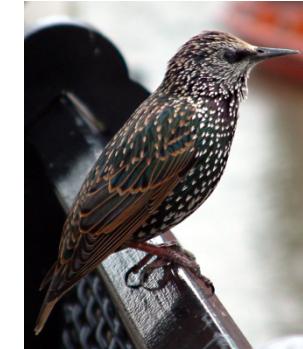
Where does this end!



Population biology



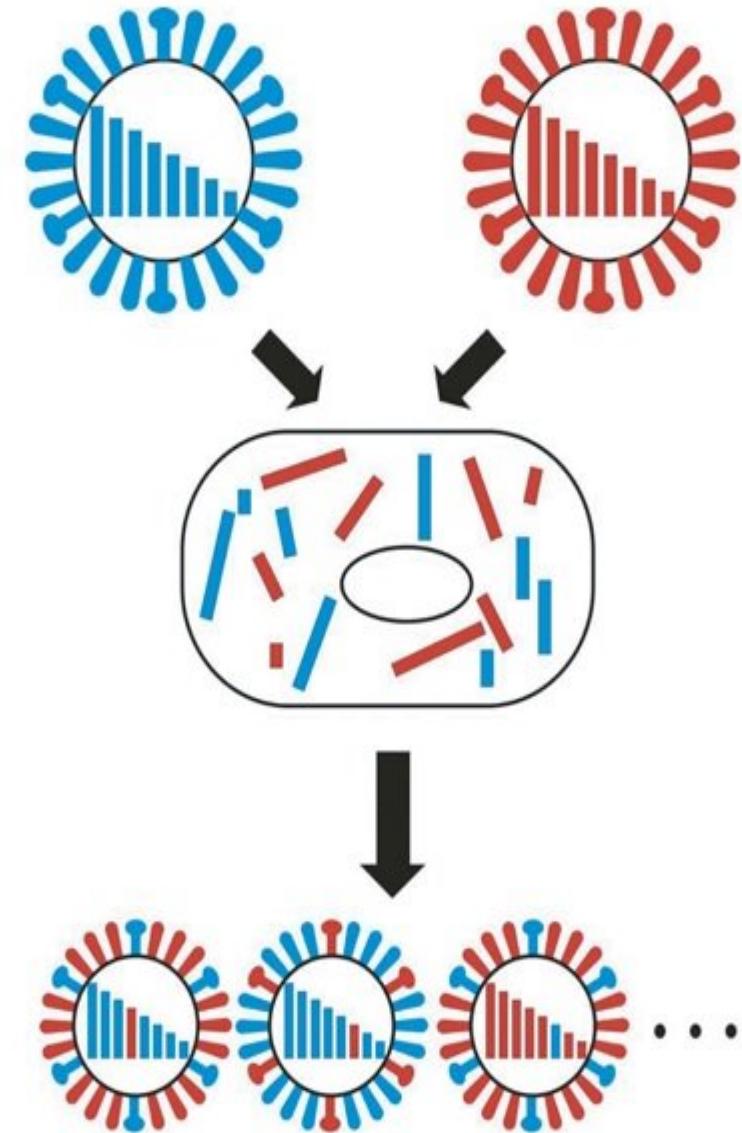
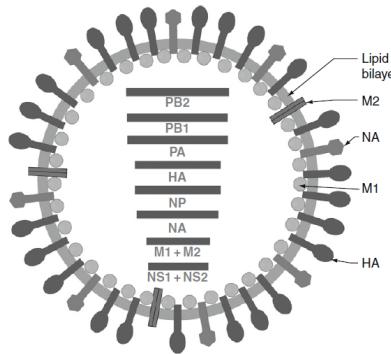
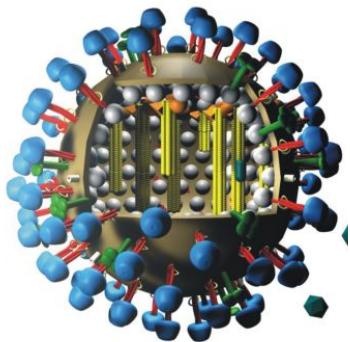
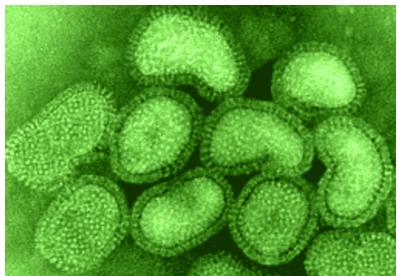
The consensus sequence



The minority species

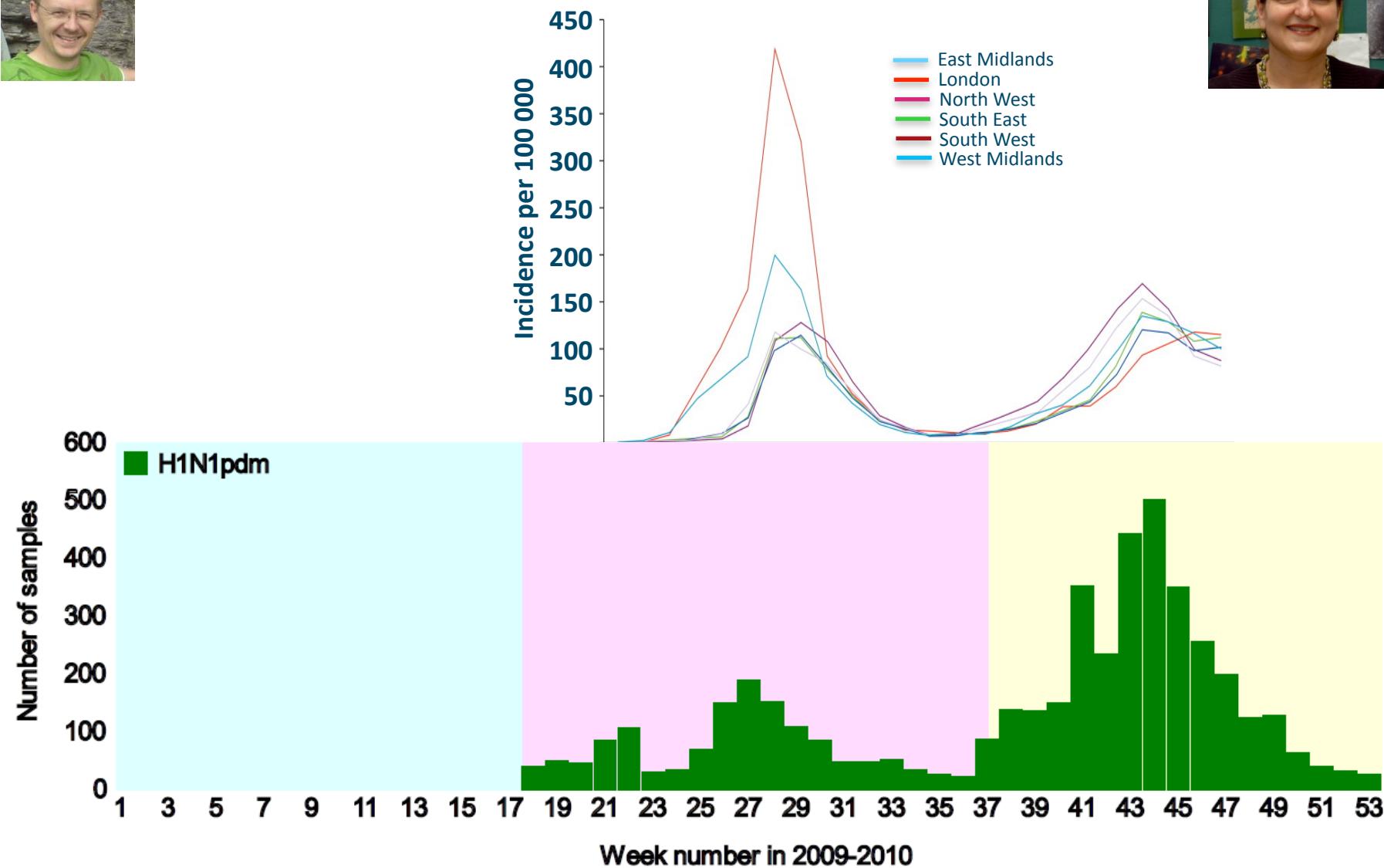


Influenza – swapping parts of your genome (Reassortment)

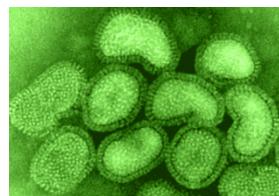




A pandemic finally arrives



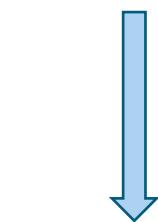
Influenza



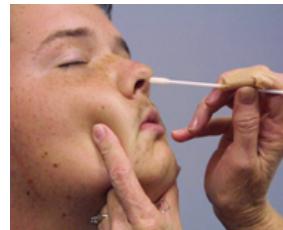
Molecular epidemiology



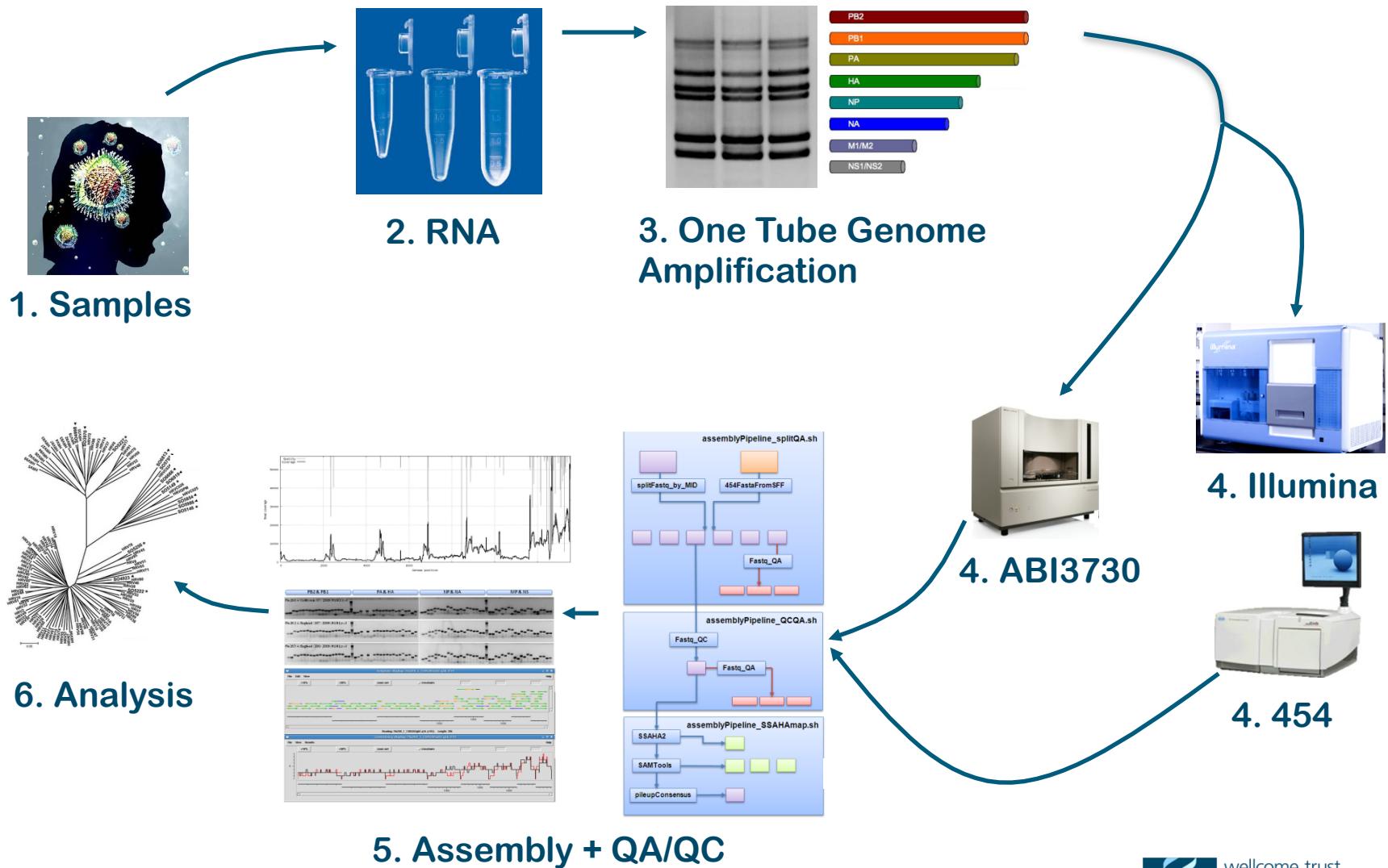
ACCGTAATGC



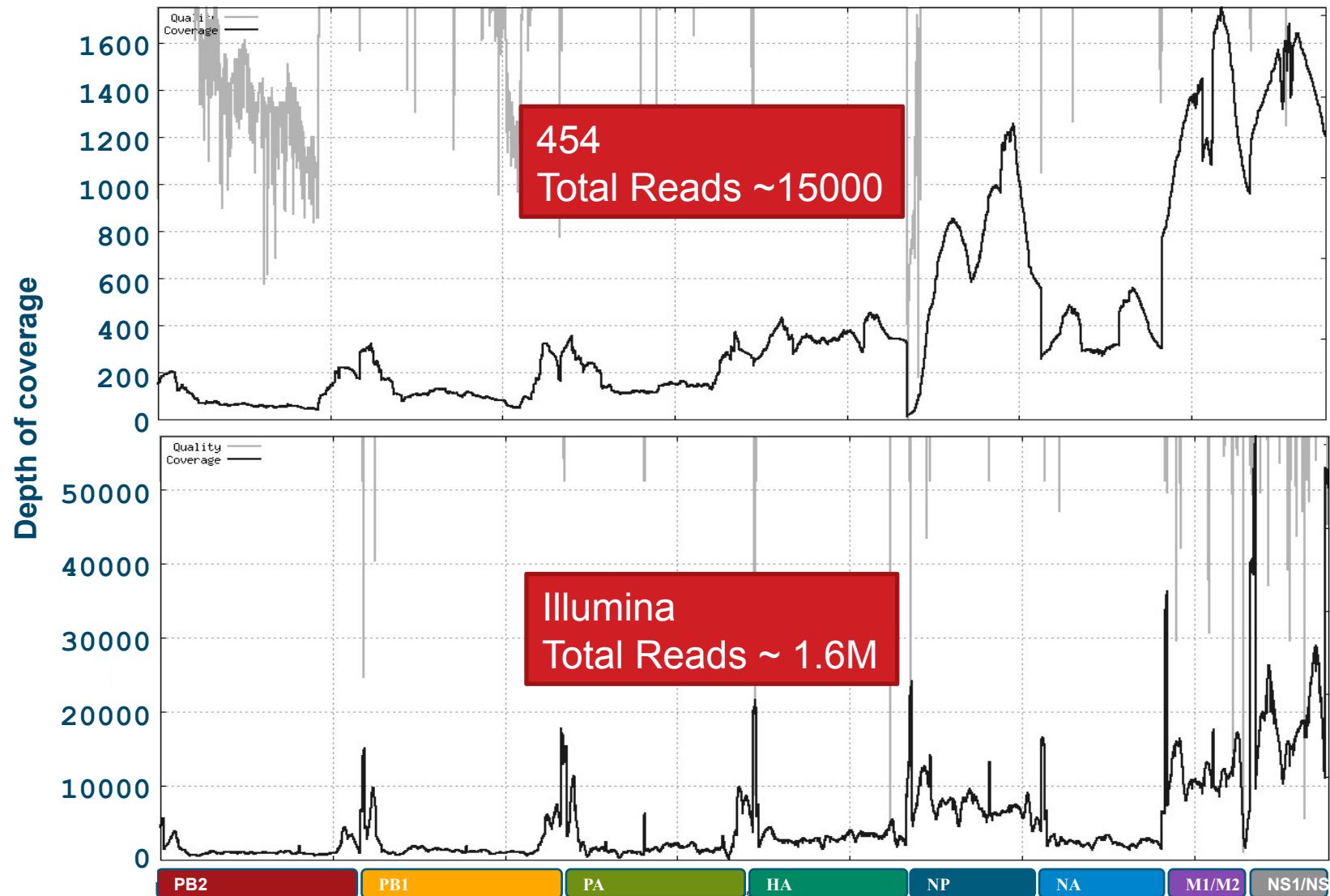
Pathogen Biology



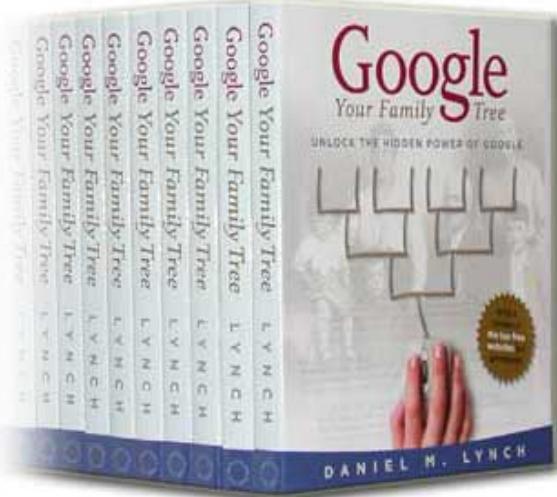
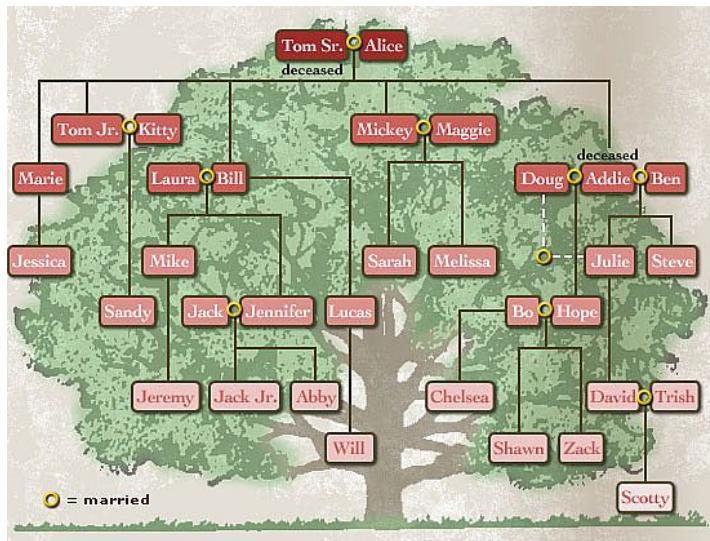
Virus genome sequencing 2011



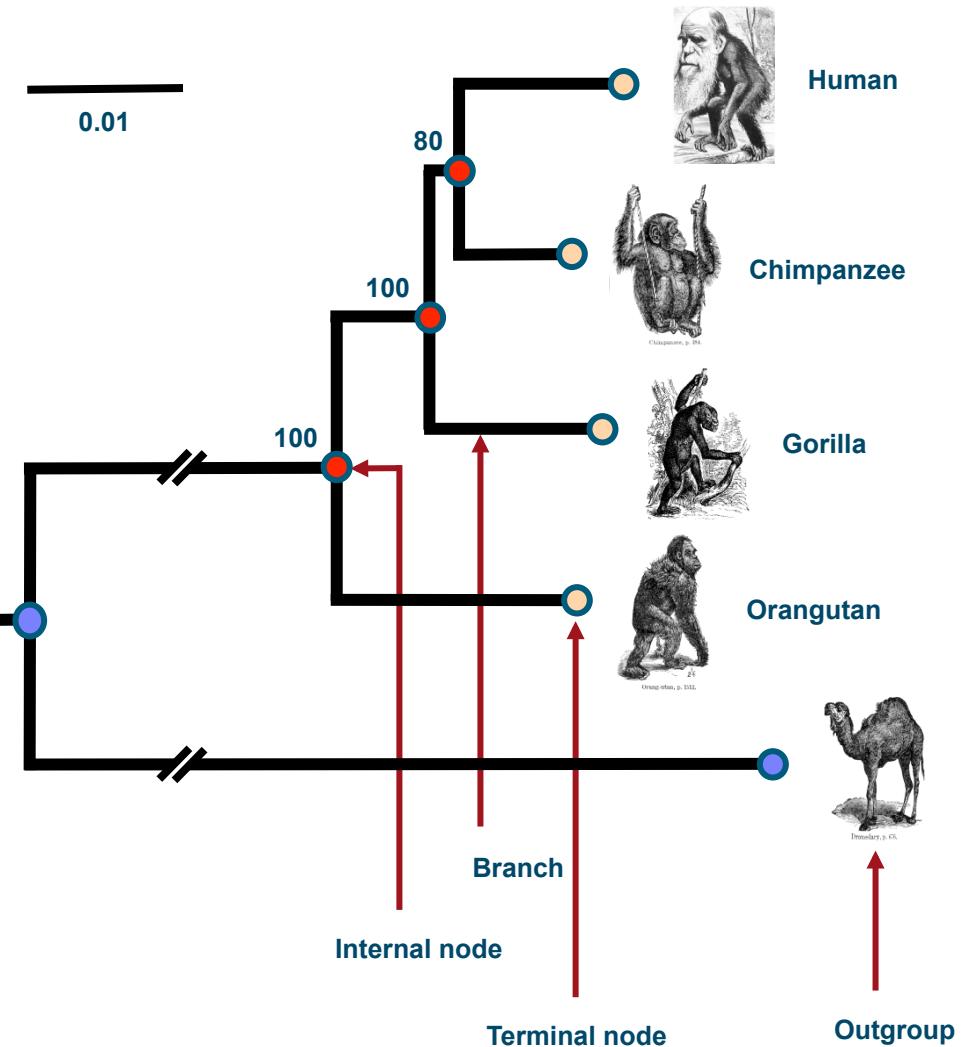
2nd Generation Influenza sequencing



Family trees, heredity and Phylogenetics



Root



Kindly provided by Stephane Hue

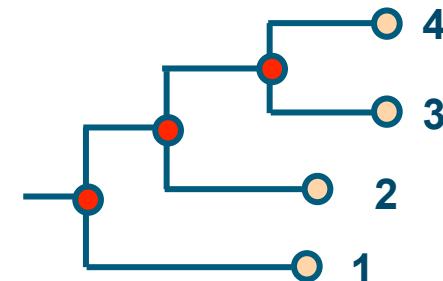
Phylogenetics & Statistics

BEAST: Bayesian evolutionary analysis by sampling trees

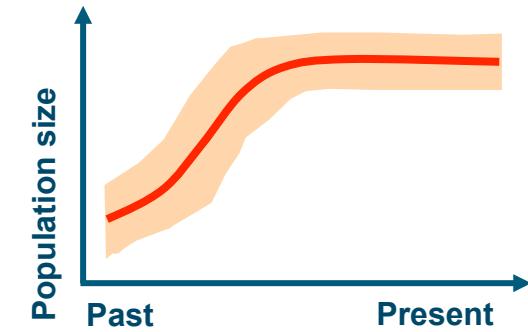
Viral gene sequences

1 AAAGTTCTCAGACT...
2 AAAGTTCTCACACT...
3 AATGTTCTCAGACT...
4 AATGTTCTCAGACT...

Transmission tree



Viral population history



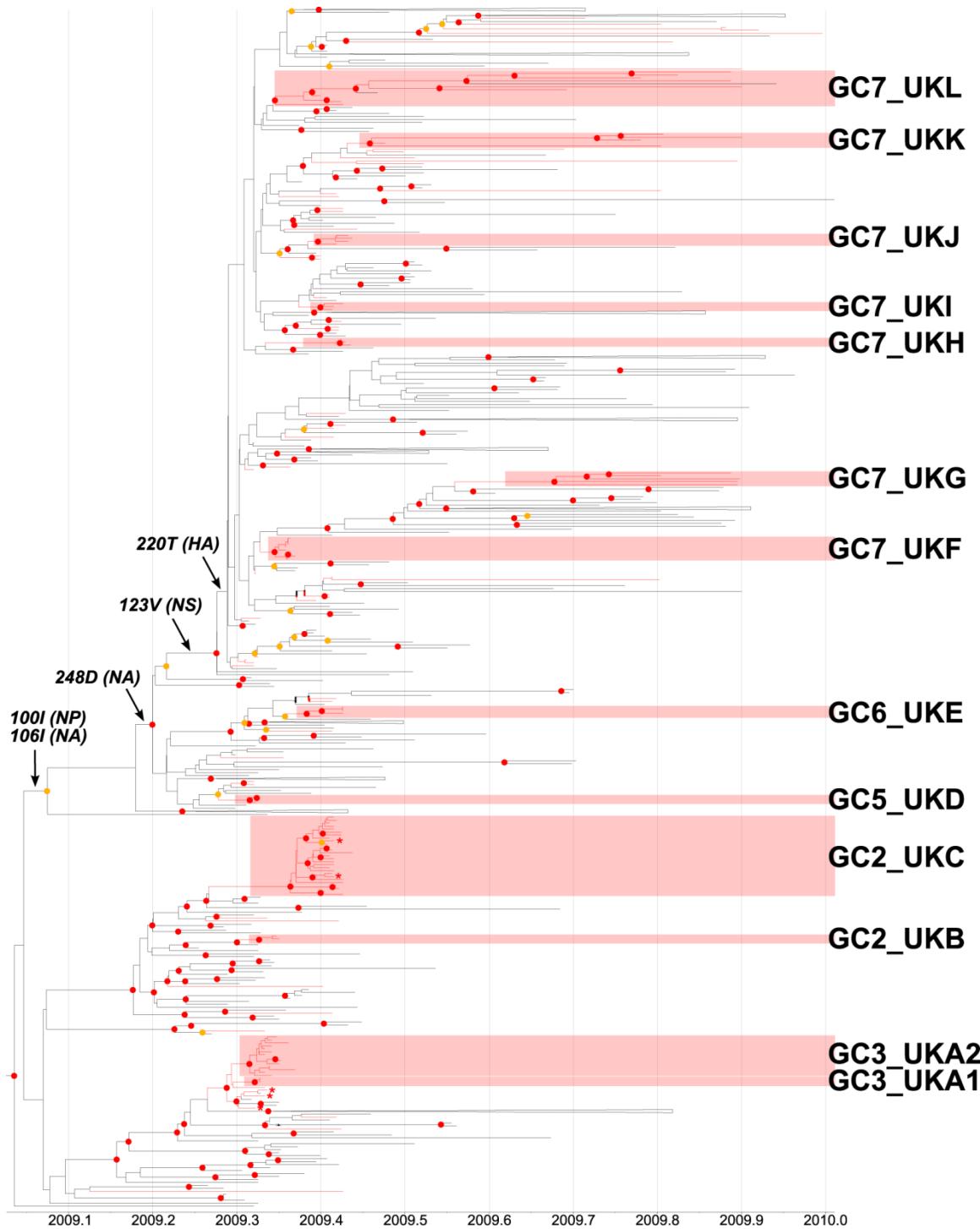
Phylogenetics

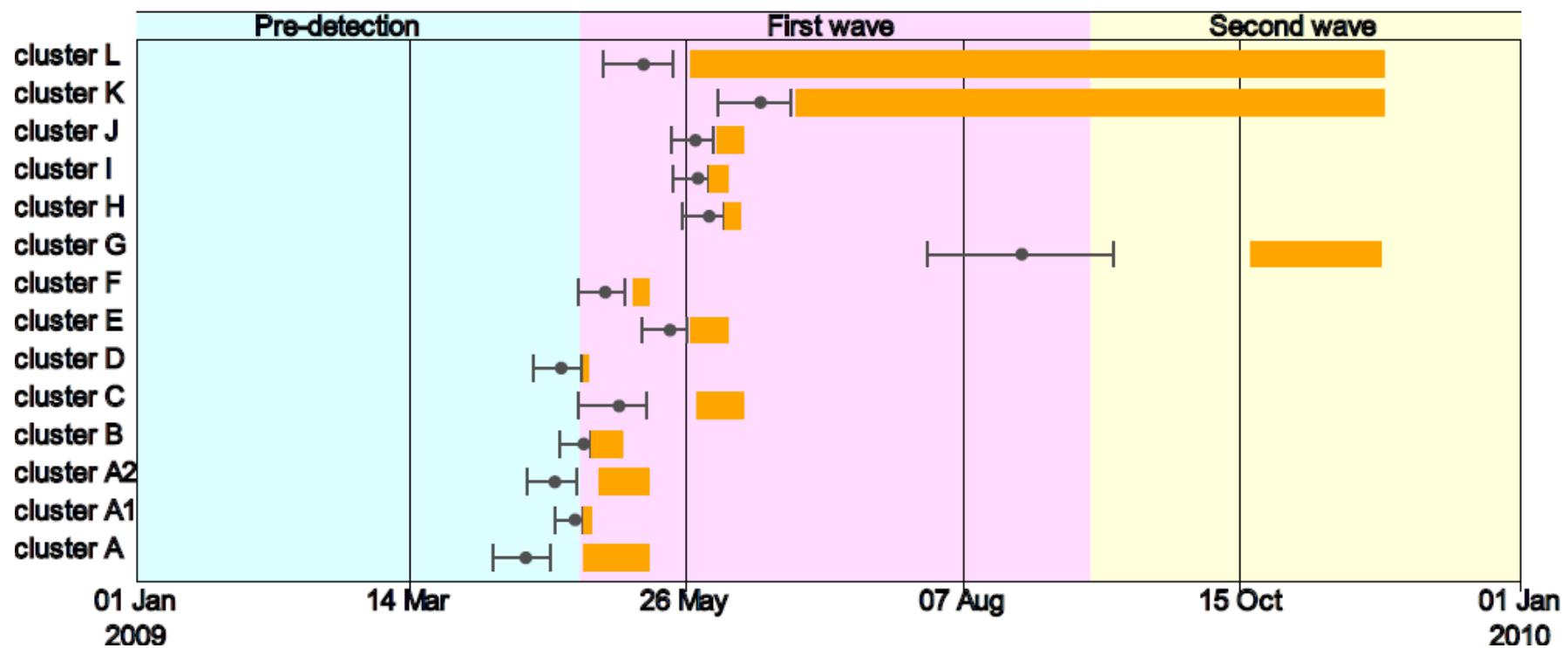
Model of molecular evolution

Statistical method
(e.g. coalescent)

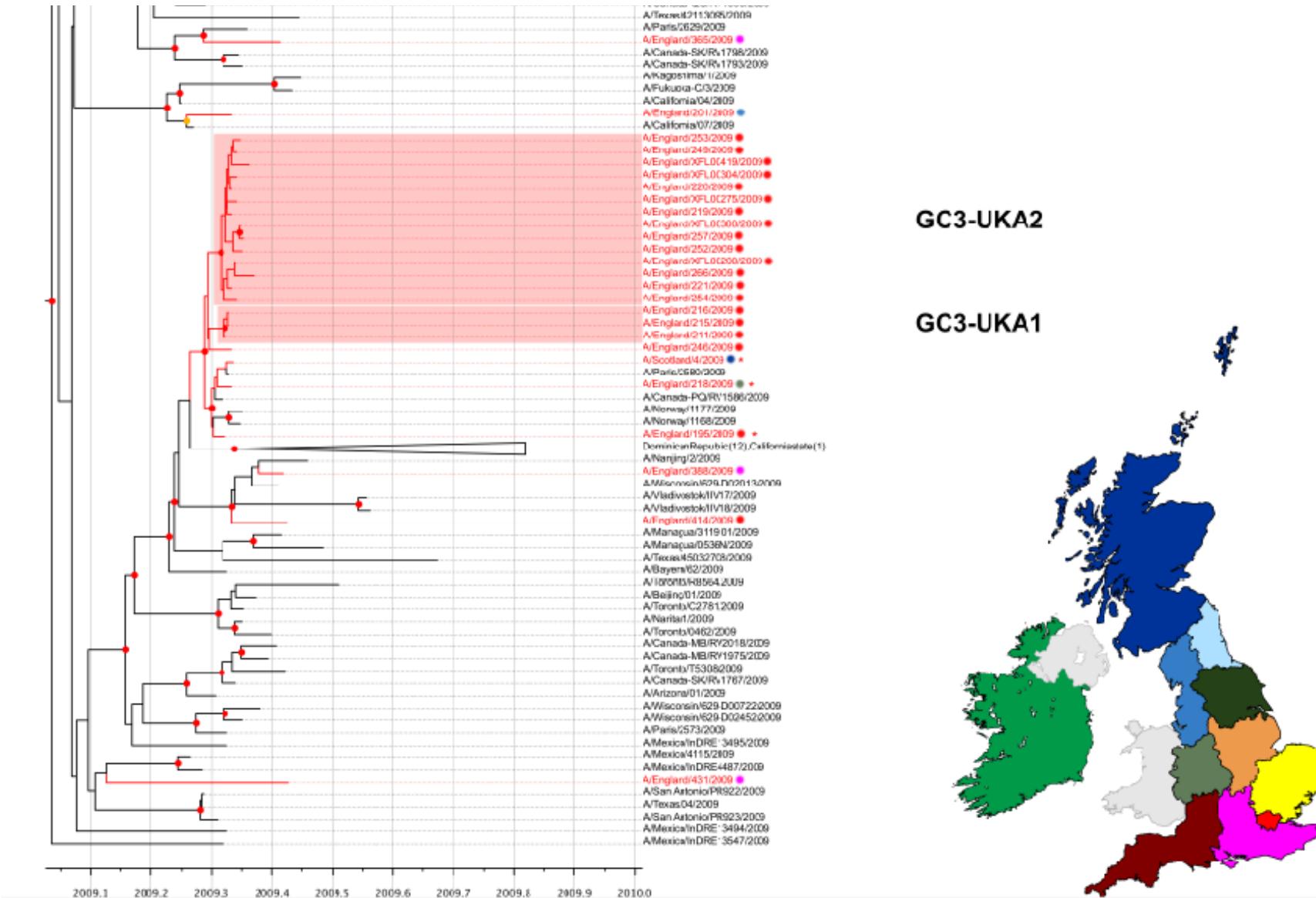
Demographic model

Thanks to Stephane Hue

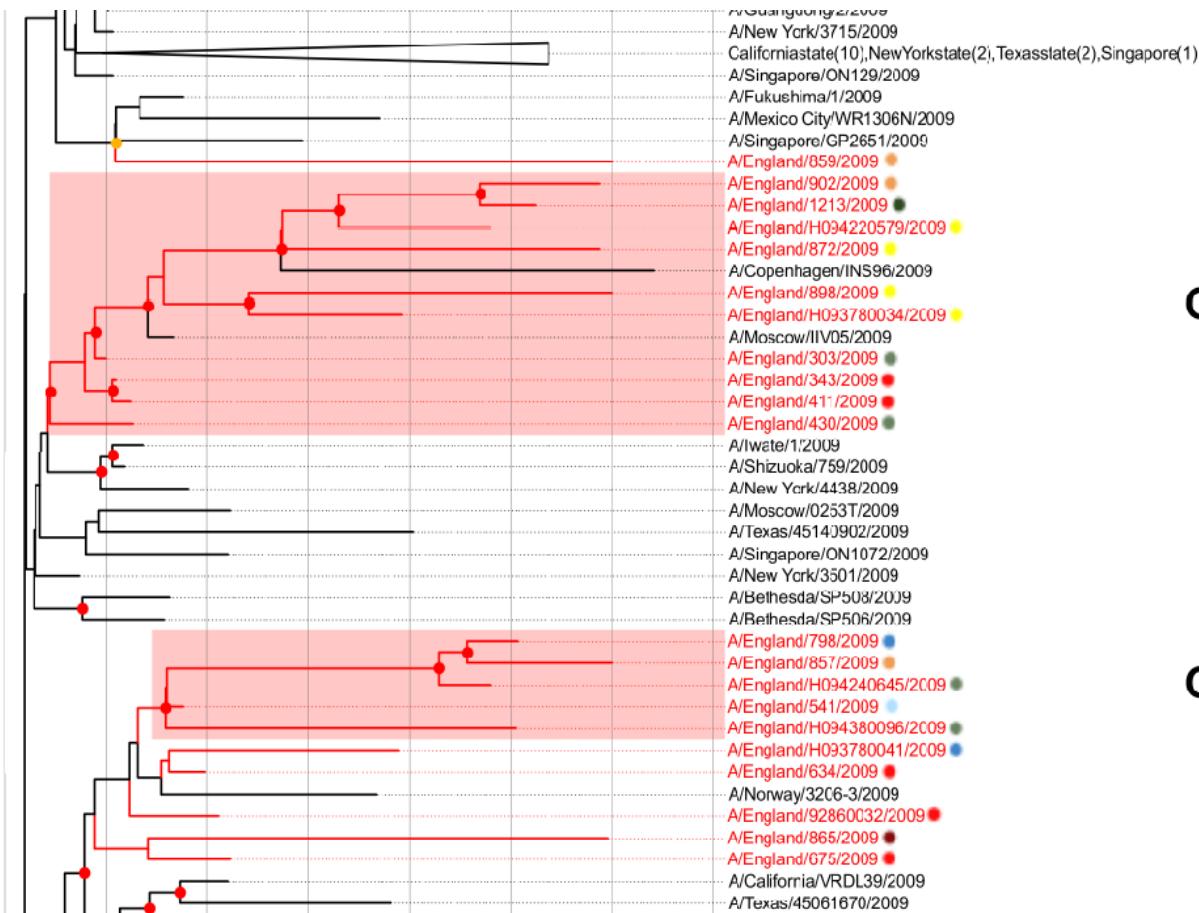




Phylogeography



Phylogeography

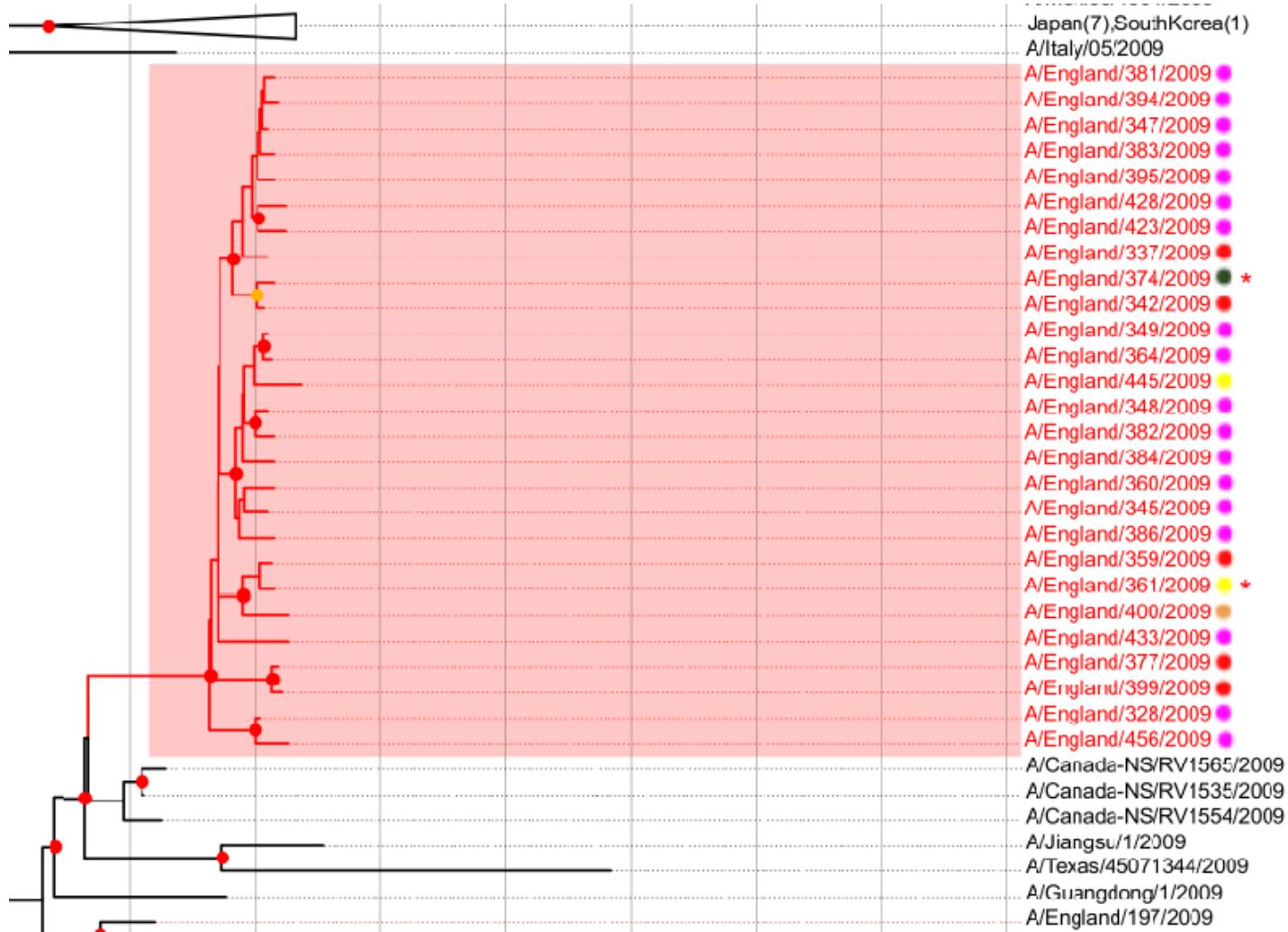


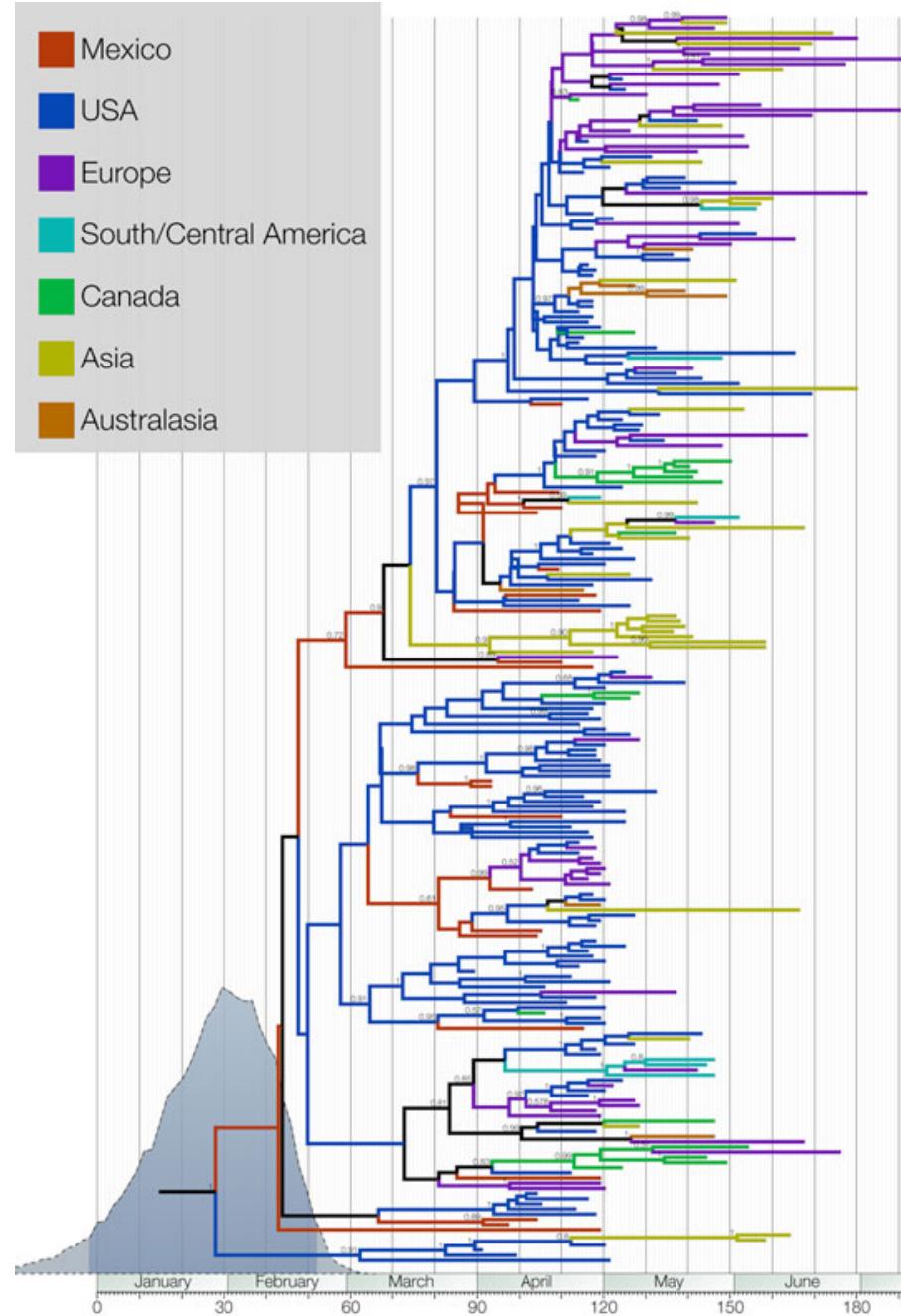
GC7-UKL

GC7-UKK

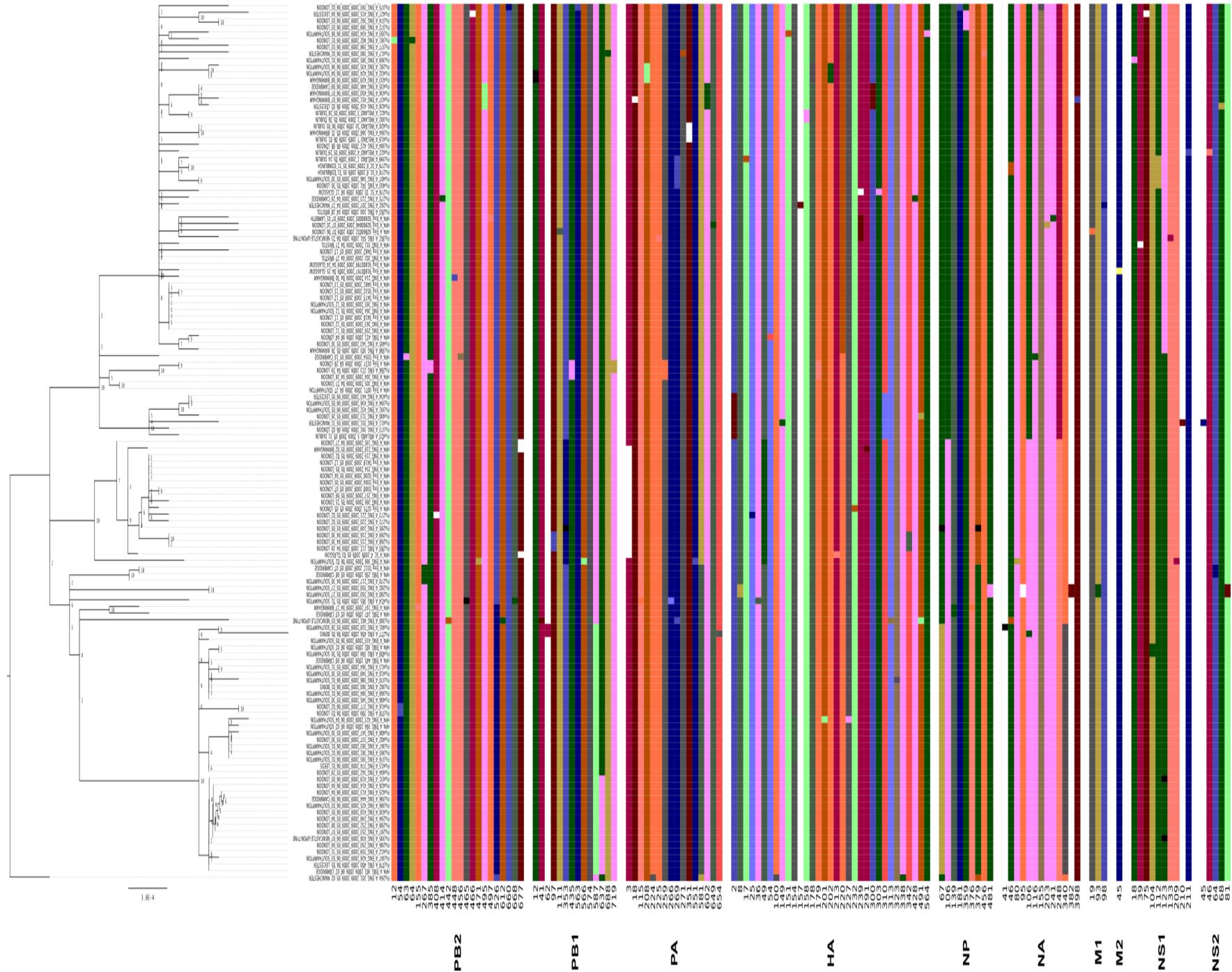


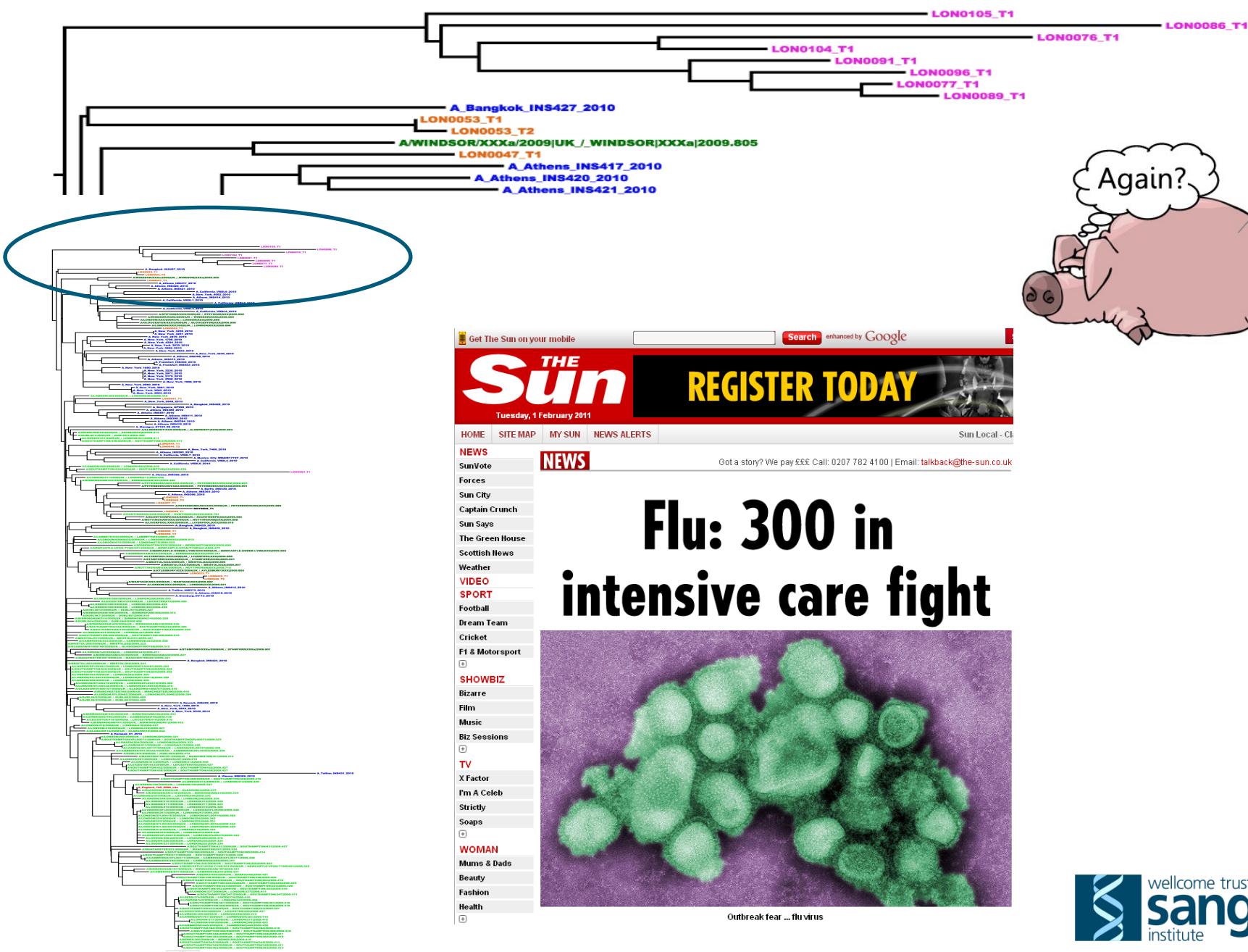
Phylogeography



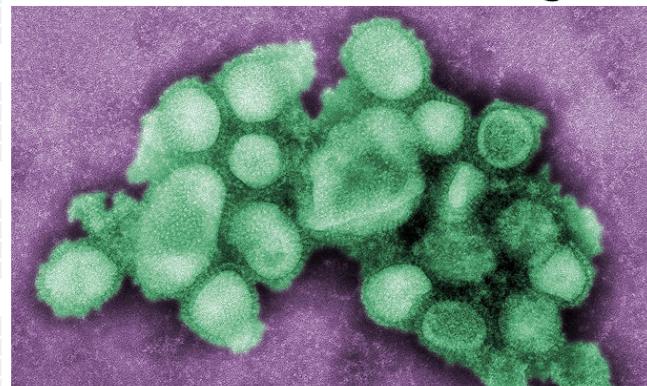


Andrew Rambaut* and Edward Holmes· PLoS Curr Influenza. 2009 August 18: RRN1003.





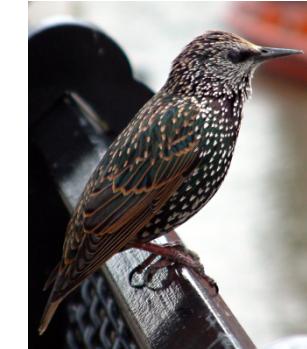
Flu: 300 in intensive care fight



Population biology



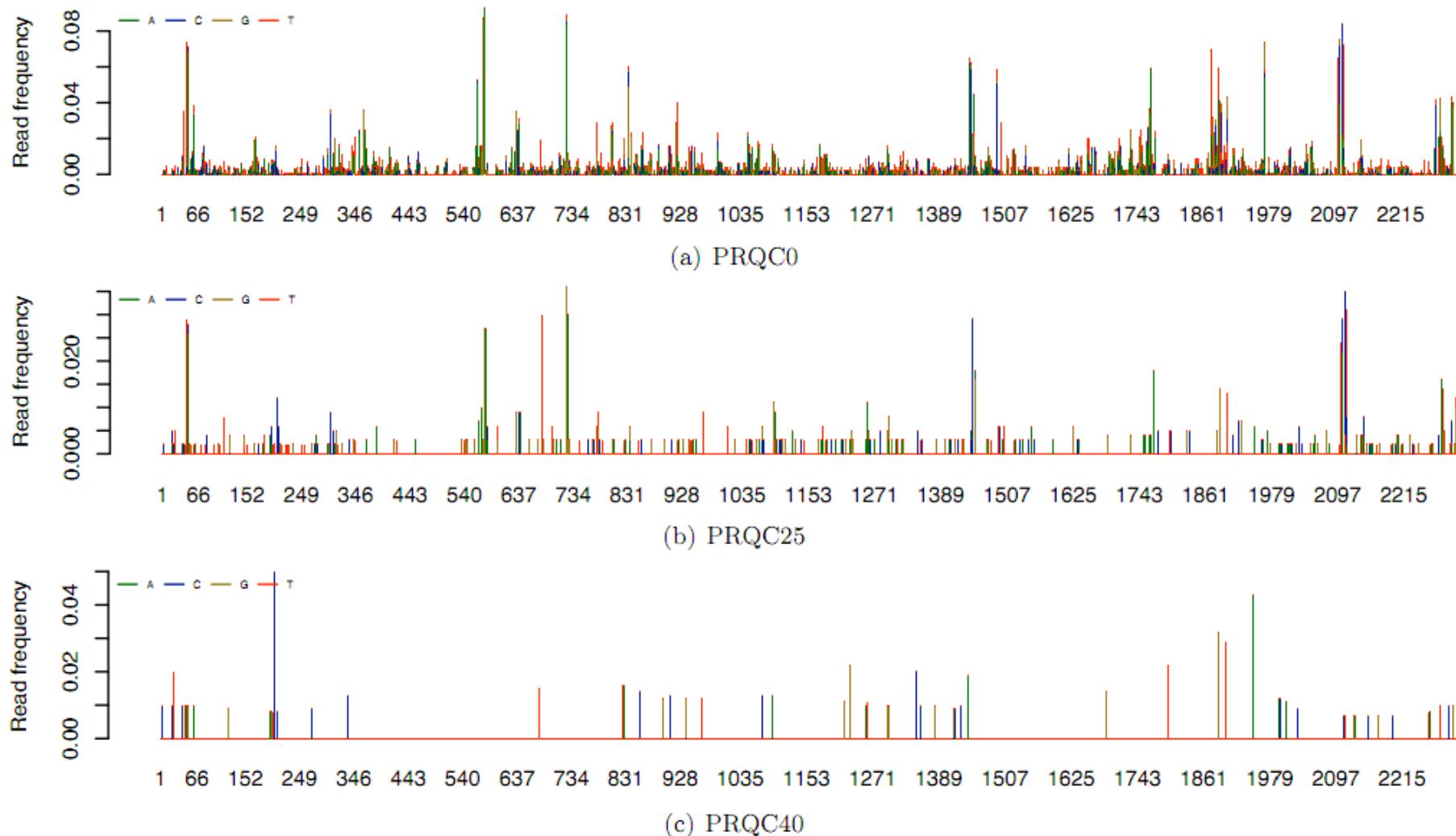
The consensus sequence



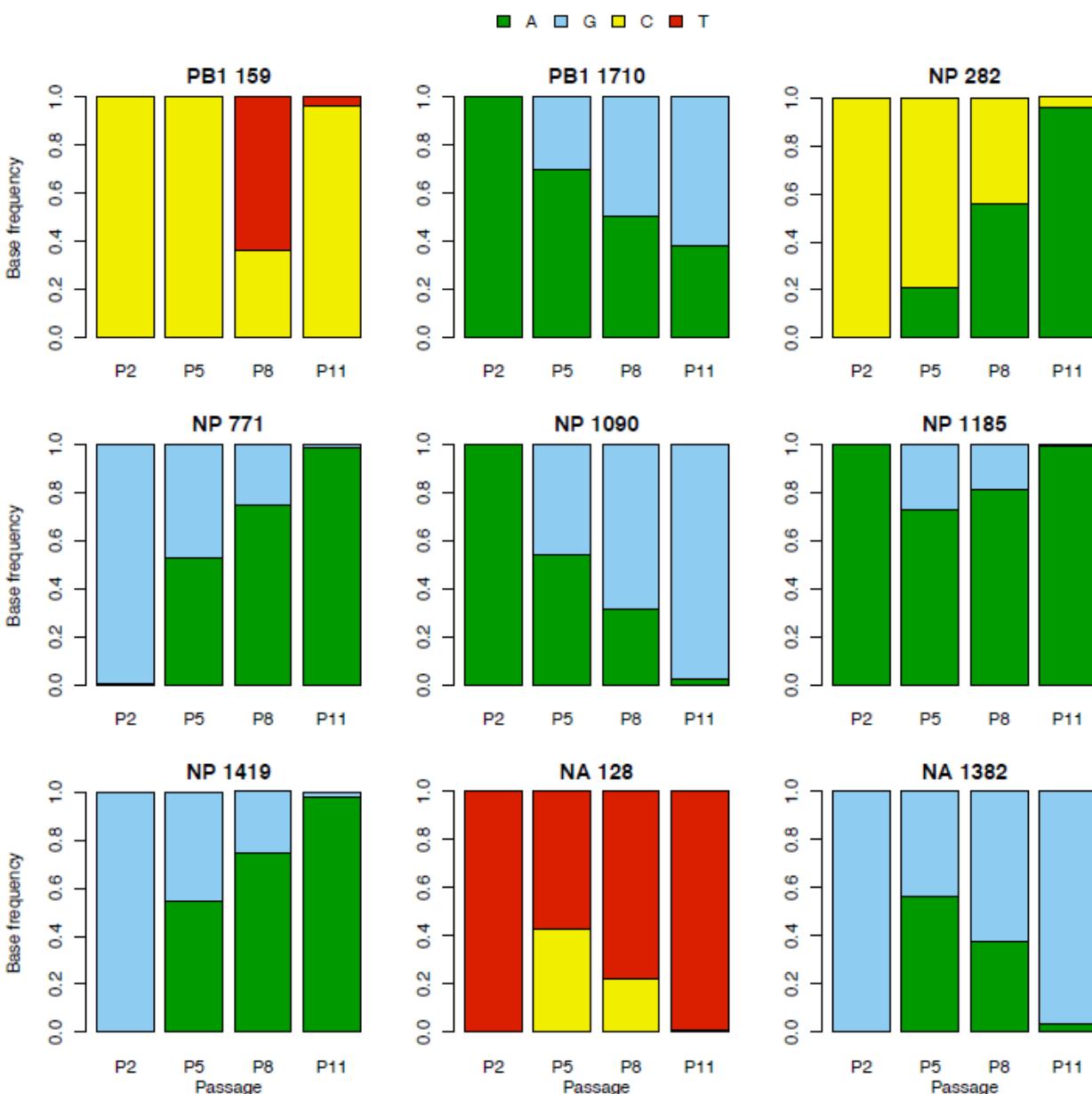
The minority species



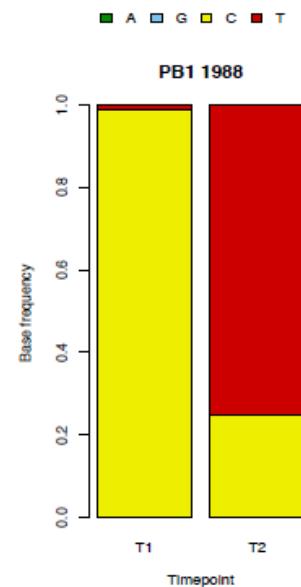
Full genome minority species



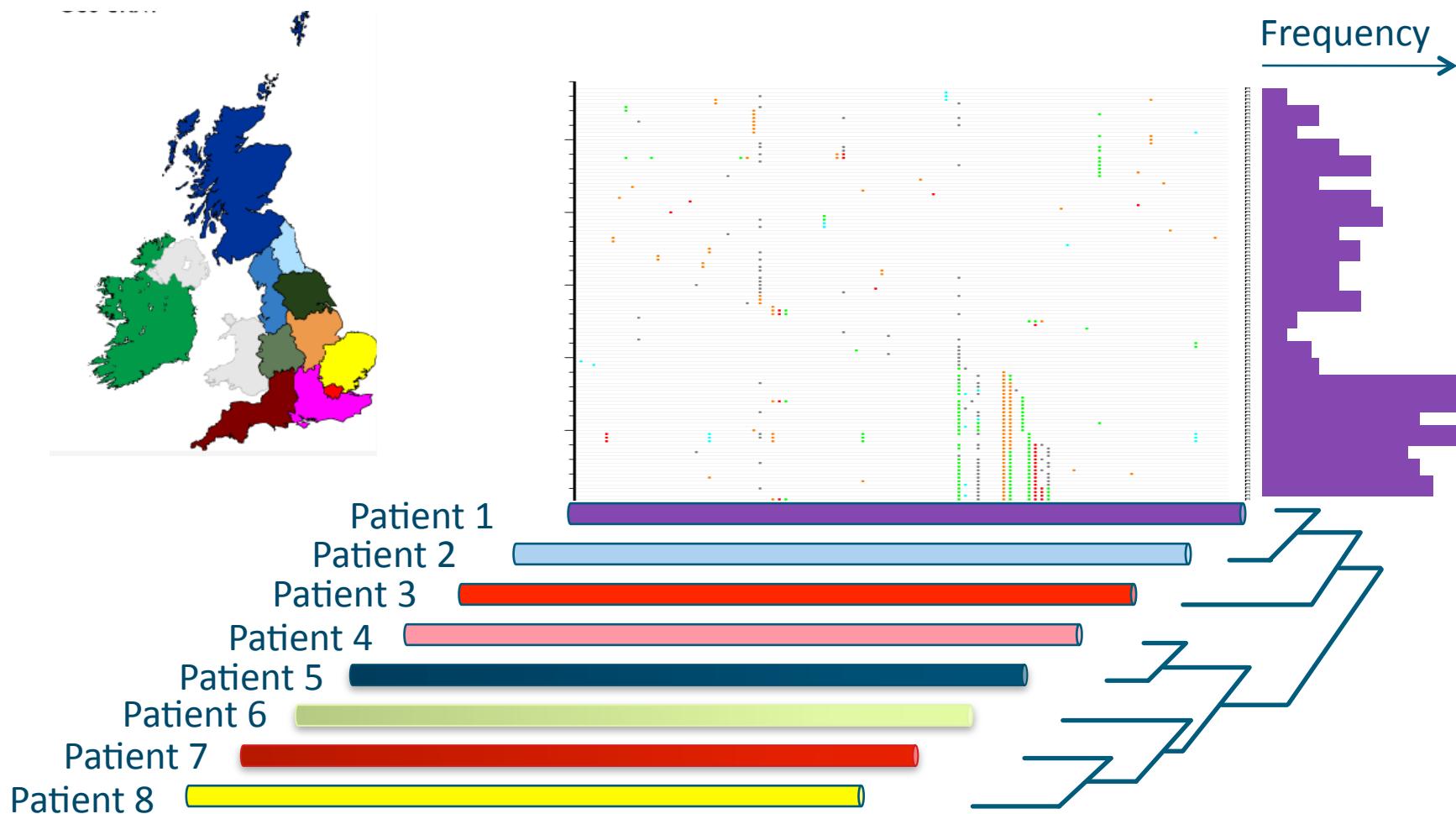
In tissue culture



In humans



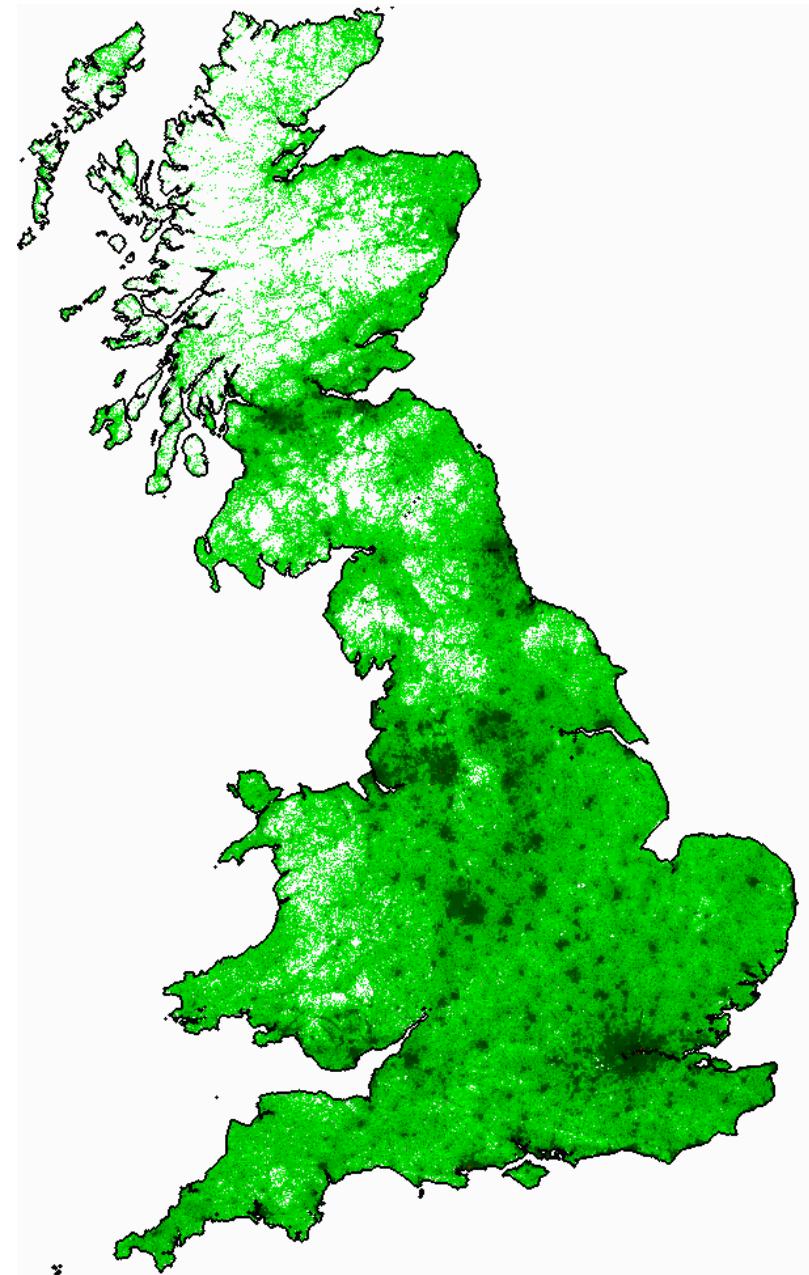
Consensus and population structure



Modelling pandemic influenza -UK

A mathematical model of the spread of pandemic influenza following the introduction of a single infected individual into a UK airport.

1 sec = 1 day
Grey, population density
Red, infected individuals
Green, end of infection.



Ferguson et al Nature 2006

The Red Queen Hypothesis

(Van Valen, 1973)



"Now, here, you see, it takes all the
running you can do to keep in the same
place"

Carrol, L. 1872. Through the looking glass and what Alice found there.